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Technical  
Memorandum**

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**REAL-TIME SOLAR MAGNETOGRAPH  
OPERATION SYSTEM SOFTWARE  
DESIGN AND USER'S GUIDE**

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16. ABSTRACT  This document presents the Real-Time Solar Magnetograph (RTSM) Operation system software design on PDP11/23+ and the User's Guide.  RTSM operation software is for Real-Time Instrumentation Control, data collection and data management.  The data will be used for vector analysis, plotting or graphics display. The processed data can then be easily compared with solar data from other sources, such as the Solar Maximum Mission (SMM).					
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I also wish to thank our secretary, Leila Reed, for her support in typing this.

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## TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

### REAL-TIME SOLAR MAGNETOGRAPH OPERATION SYSTEM SOFTWARE DESIGN AND USER'S GUIDE

#### I. INTRODUCTION

One of the design goals of the new Marshall Space Flight Center vector magnetograph was to add flexibility so that the system could be configured to optimize hardware capabilities for specific scientific goals. In the design that was approved, a PDP 11/23 minicomputer is used as the host computer to control the data storage, the real time analysis and the operation of the vector magnetograph. A discrete I/O board and a DMA (Direct Memory Access) board connect the PDP 11/23 minicomputer to an Intel microprocessor which controls the hardware functions of magnetograph. The PDP 11/23 sets up the magnetograph operation by sending commands to the Intel microprocessor through the discrete I/O. After the hardware has been configured, the 11/23 then tells the Intel processor to acquire a data set. The Intel processor then controls the timing for the solid state camera (CCD) system, the polarizing optics and the data transfer from the sensor through the hardware adders (which will produce an enhanced or integrated image) to the temporary memory. When the integration has been completed, the data is transferred through the DMA to the 11/23. The communication times between the PDP 11/23 and the Intel microprocessor are usually small compared to the integration times for the data acquisition. This operation frees the 11/23 CPU to do real time data analysis so that the operators of the magnetograph can adjust the observational programs to fit solar activity.

The purpose of this report is to describe the Real Time Solar Magnetograph (RTSM) operation system software which includes the software design and user's guide. The observers or software engineers can use it as a reference manual.

## II. RTSM OPERATION PROGRAM

```
* * * * *  
*                               *  
*          SET UP              *  
*                               *  
* * * * *
```



PROGRAM NAME: CE

PURPOSE: THIS IS A SET UP PROGRAM TO LOOK FOR CAMERA EXPOSURE TIME  
WITH 80% SIGNAL LEVEL

PROGRAM AND SUBROUTINES LAYOUT: (\*FOR SYSTEM ROUTINE)

CE  
  STCTL  
    CDDRW  
      \*GETADR  
      \*Q10  
      ERRC  
      \*WAITFR

  UPD

  ZF2

    \*GETADR  
    \*WTQ10  
    ERRC  
    BCDXA

CEMOD

  CDDRW

ACQTRA

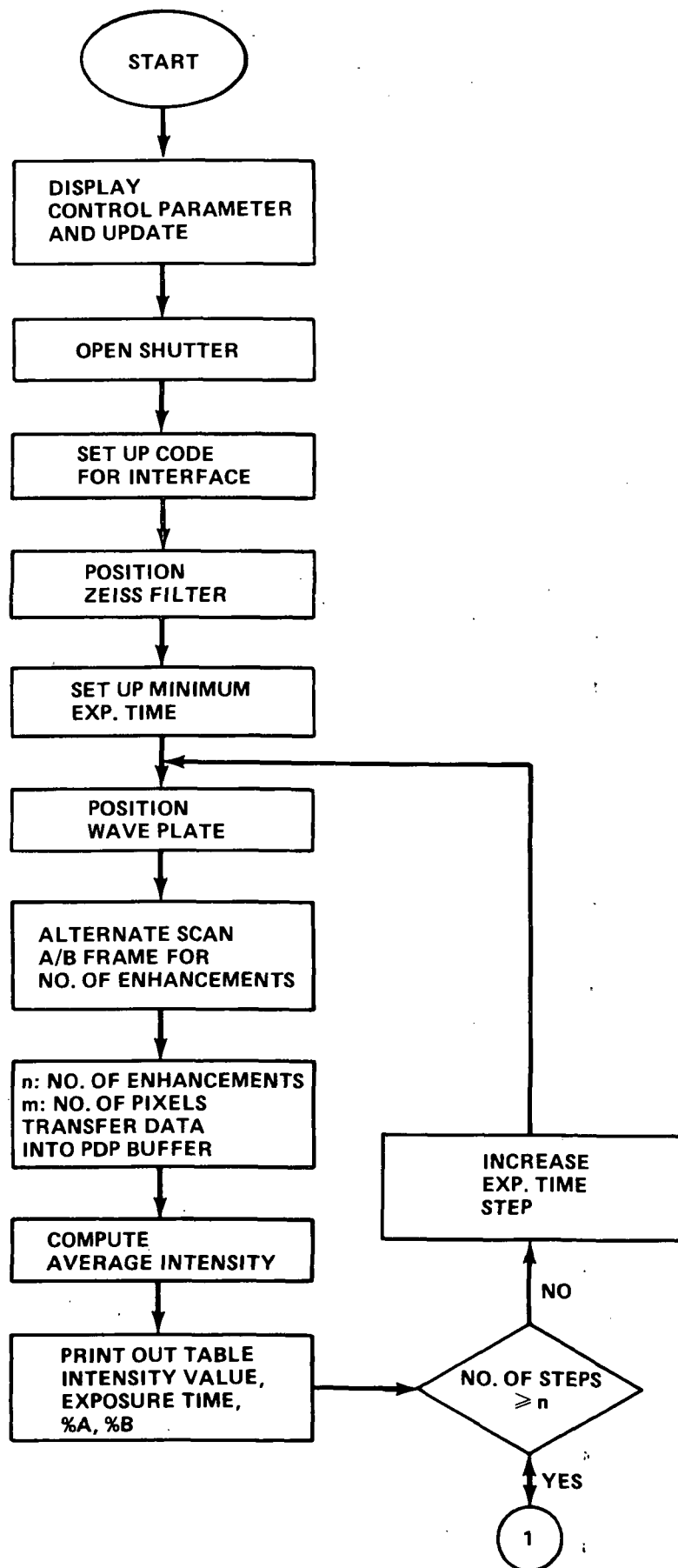
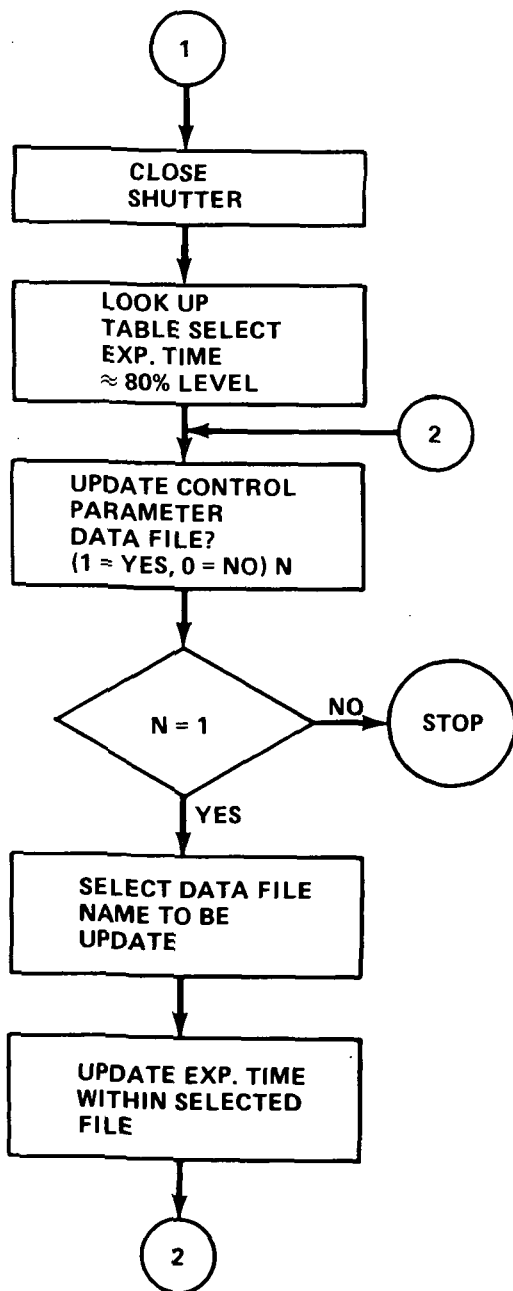
  CDDRW  
  \*Q10  
  TRANS1  
  WAITFR

DISPLY

  CDDRW

UPDPAR

  \*SPAWN  
  \*WAITFR



PROGRAM NAME : CE

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION : CAMERA EXPOSURE

1. MODE:1. 1A1B 2. 2A2B 3. 3A3B 4. (2AB,3AB) 5. ALL	1
2. NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS	16
3. STARTING PIXEL NO.	40
4. STARTING LINE NO.	40
5. NO OF PIXELS	32
6. NO OF LINES	32
7. BEGINNING EXP TIME	100
8. EXPOSURE TIME STEP I	10
9. NO. OF STEPS FOR STEP I	10
10. EXPOSURE TIME STEP II	0
11. NO. OF STEPS FOR STEP II	0
12. CENTER FILTER POSITION	519
13. FILTER POSITION	527
14. BINNING IN X AXIS	2
15. BINNING IN Y AXIS	2

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED

2

INPUT PARAMETER NO.=

7,8,9

7. BEGINNING EXP TIME = 25  
8. EXPOSURE TIME STEP I = 5  
9. NO. OF STEPS FOR STEP I=15

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED

4

SIGNAL=1859.19 EXP. TIME= 25 %A= 45.53 %B= 45.23

.  
.  
.

SIGNAL=4095.00 EXP. TIME= 95 %A=100.00 %B=100.00

OPTION :

1. UPDATE NEW EXP TIME IN PARAMETER DATA FILE
2. STOP

1

INPUT PARAMETER DATA FILE NAME=  
CE.DAT : CAMERA EXPOSURE

CF.DAT : CENTER FILTER  
GC.DAT : GUIDER COORDINATE  
IP.DAT : INSTRUMENTAL POLARIZATION  
PC.DAT : POLARIZATION CALIBRATION  
PH.DAT : PHOTO CALIBRATION  
SMD.DAT: SOLAR MAGNETOGRAPH  
AM.DAT : AUTO MODE  
FS.DAT : FILTER STEP  
CR.DAT : CROSS TALK  
SN1.DAT: SIGNAL TO NOISE ONE  
SN2.DAT: SIGNAL TO NOISE TWO

CE.DAT

SELECT UPDATE EXP. TIME = 45

OPTION:

1. UPDATE NEW EXP TIME IN PARAMETER DATA FILE
  2. STOP
- 2  
--STOP

PROGRAM NAME: CF

PURPOSE: LOOK FOR FILTER POSITION AT MINIMUM SIGNAL LEVEL

PROGRAM AND SUBROUTINES LAYOUT: (\* FOR SYSTEM ROUTINE)

```
CF
  STCTL
    CDDRW
      *GETADR
      *Q10
      ERRC
      *WAITFR
```

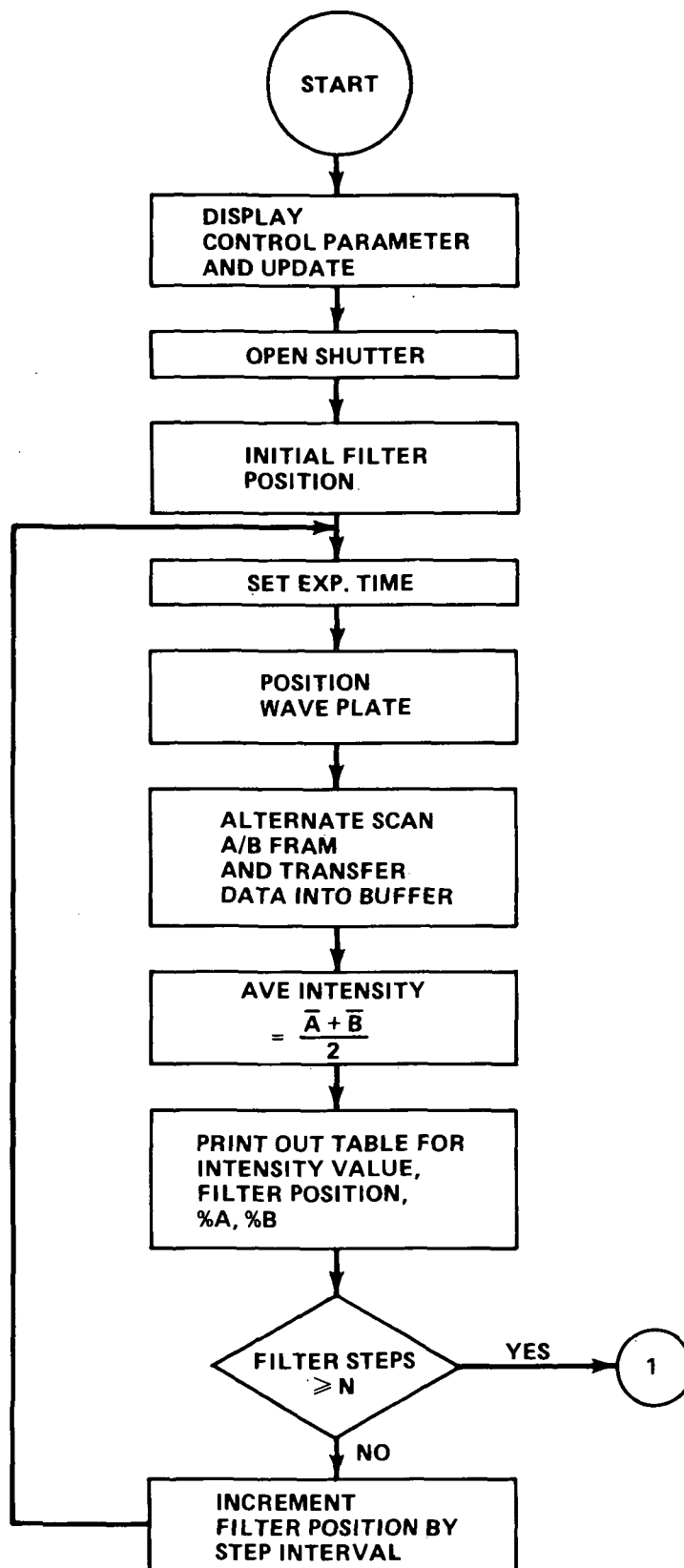
UPD

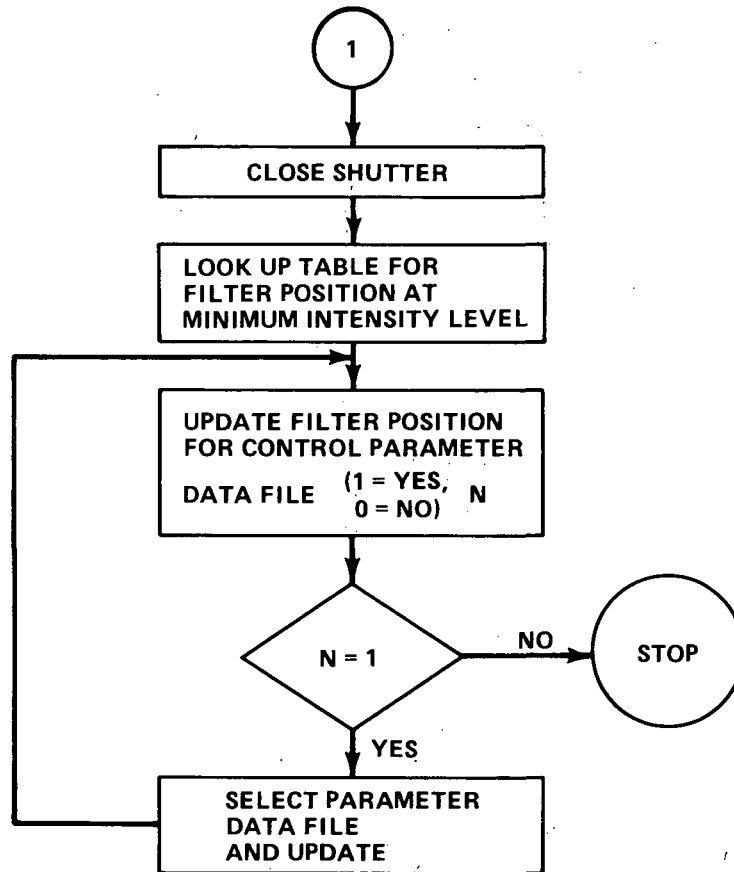
```
CDDRW
ZF2
  *GETADR
  *WTQ10
  ERRC
  BCDXA
```

```
CEMOD
  CDDRW
  *Q10
  TRANS1
  WAITFR
```

```
DISPLY
  CDDRW
```

```
UPDPAR
  *SPAWN
  *WAITFR
```





PROGRAM NAME : CF

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION : CENTER FILTER

1. MODE:1. 1A1B 2. 2A2B 3. 3A3B 4. (2AB,3AB) 5. ALL	1
2. NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS	16
3. STARTING PIXEL NO.	48
4. STARTING LINE NO.	48
5. NO OF PIXELS	32
6. NO OF LINES	32
7. BEGINNING EXP TIME	100
8. BEGINNING FILTER POSITION	519
9. ENDING FILTER POSITION	527
10. FILTER POSITION STEP	1
11. CENTER FILTER POSITION	0
12. BINNING IN X AXIS	2
13. BINNING IN Y AXIS	2

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED

2

INPUT PARAMETER NO.=

7,8

7. EXPOSURE TIME = 45

8. BEGINNING FILTER POSITION=511

OPTION:

1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED

4

SIGNAL= 3439.38 FILTER POS.= 511 %A 84.10 %B 83.88

.  
.  
.

SIGNAL= 3395.38 FILTER POS.= 526 %A 82.96 %B 82.87

OPTION :

1. UPDATE NEW EXP TIME IN PARAMETER DATA FILE
2. STOP

2

--STOP



\* \* \* \* \*  
\*  
\* CALIBRATION \*  
\*  
\* \* \* \* \*

PROGRAM NAME: GC

PURPOSE: LOOK FOR THE EAST, WEST, NORTH, SOUTH EDGE OF THE SUN

1. Compute the Calibration Coefficient
2. Position Camera to the EAST,, WEST, NORTH, SOUTH, and Look for the Edge Pixel for Each Side
3. Compute the Voltage for Edge Pixels

PROGRAM AND SUBROUTINE LAYOUT:

```
GC
  STCTL
    CDDRW
      *GETADR
      *Q10
      ERRC
      *WAITFR

    UPD

  GCCB
    ZFT2
    EDGE
    HOUS

EDGE
  CDDRW
  MOD
  GCACQ
    XDISK
      SMNAM
      POPEN
      ERRC
      *GETADR
      *WTQ10
      ERRC
      PBLOCK
      PCLOSE

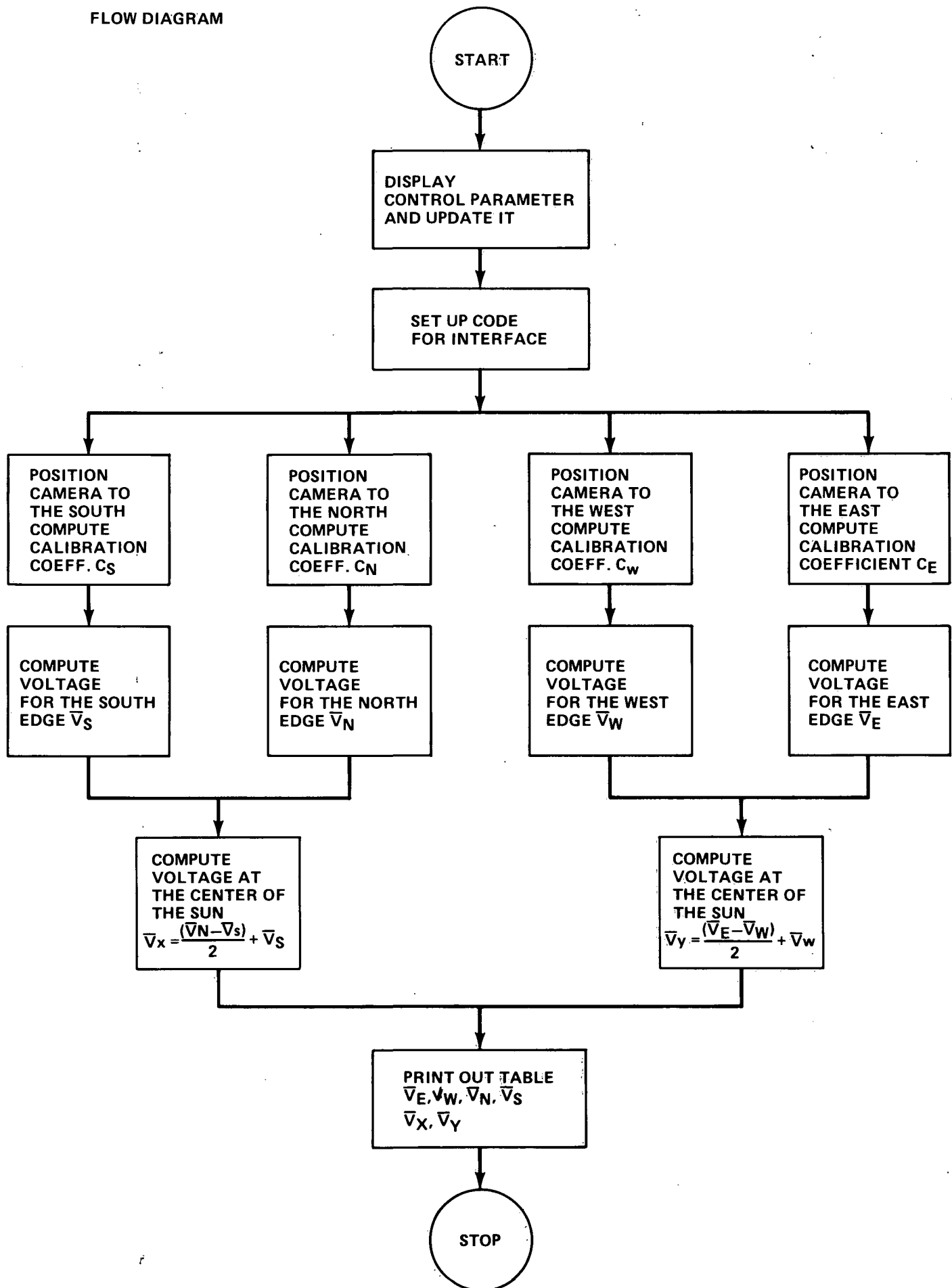
    CDDRW
    *Q10
    WAITFR

HOUS
  *GETADR
  BCDXA
  *WTQ10
```

ERRC  
NBIT  
SUB  
ZF1

CDDRW  
BCDXA

FLOW DIAGRAM



PROGRAM NAME : GC  
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION : GUIDER COORDINATES

OPTION :  
1. CHANGE ALL  
2. SELECTED  
3. DISPLAY  
4. COMPLETED  
2

INPUT PARAMETER NO. =  
DISPLAY PARAMETER DESCRIPTION AND INPUT VALUE TO BE CHANGED

OPTION:  
1. POSITION CAMERA AT EAST  
2. POSITION CAMERA AT WEST  
3. POSITION CAMERA AT NORTH  
4. POSITION CAMERA AT SOUTH  
5. STOP

1  
PAUSE : POSITION CAMERA ON THE EDGE OF THE SUN

"KEY IN RES WHEN FINISHED"

2  
PAUSE : POSITION CAMERA ON THE EDGE OF THE SUN

"KEY IN RES WHEN FINISHED"

3

.  
.  
.

OPTION :  
1. OPTION CAMERA AT EAST  
2. OPTION CAMERA AT WEST  
3. OPTION CAMERA AT NORTH  
4. OPTION CAMERA AT SOUTH  
5. STOP

5  
PRINT OUT VOLTAGE FOR EAST, WEST, NORTH AND SOUTH  
VE=            VW=            VN=            VS=

--STOP

PROGRAM NAME: IP

PURPOSE: "INSTRUMENTAL POLARIZATION"  
LOOK FOR CIRCULARLY OR LINEARLY POLARIZED LIGHT TO THE  
ACTUAL INTENSITY LIGHT

COMPUTE THE MEAN:

$$\bar{P} = \sum \frac{A-B}{A+B} / N$$

DEVIATION:

$$P_{ij} = P_{ij} - \bar{P}$$

GROUP STANDARD DEVIATION:

$$S = \sqrt{\frac{\sum P^2}{N-1}}$$

SAVE DEVIATION  $\Delta P$  FOR HISTOGRAM

# PROGRAM AND SUBROUTINE LAYOUT:

IP  
STCTL  
CDDRW  
\*GETADR  
\*Q10  
ERRC  
\*WAITFR

UPD

CDDRW  
\*GETADR  
\*Q10  
ERRC  
\*WAITFR

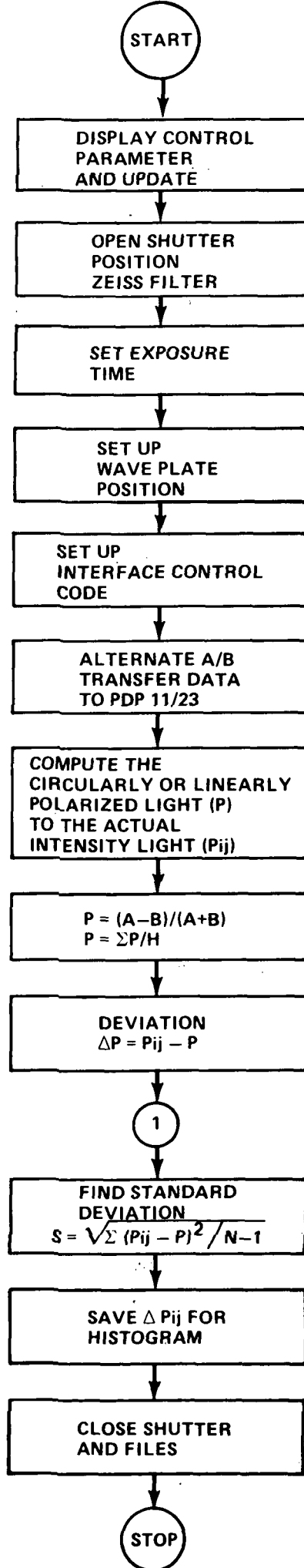
ZFT2  
\*GETADR  
\*WTQ10  
ERRC  
BCOXA

MOD  
CDDRW

ACQSAV  
CDDRW  
\*Q10  
\*WAITFR  
XDISK  
SMNAM  
POPEN  
ERRC  
\*GETADR  
\*WTQ10  
PBLOCK  
PCLOSE

DISPLY  
\*SPAWN  
\*WATFR

RMSQ





```

PROGRAM NAME : IP
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION : INSTRUMENTAL POLARIZATION
1. MODE:1. 1A1B 2. 2A2B 3. 3A3B 4. (2AB,3AB) 5. ALL      5
2. NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS                                128
3. STARTING PIXEL NO.                                  1
4. STARTING LINE NO.                                   1
5. NO OF PIXELS                                         128
6. NO OF LINES                                          128
7. BEGINNING EXP TIME                                   100
8. CENTER FILTER POSITION                                519
9. FILTER POSITION                                       527
10. BINNING IN X AXIS                                  2
11. BINNING IN Y AXIS                                  2

```

```

OPTION :
1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED
2

```

```

OPTION :
1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED
2

```

INPUT PARAMETER NO.=

DISPLAY PARAMETER DESCRIPTION AND INPUT VALUE TO BE CHANGED

```

OPTION :
1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED
4

```

```

SAVE Pij FOR HISTOGRAM
FILE NAME : DELTP.DAT
PRINT OUT STANDARD DEVIATION

```

--STOP

PROGRAM NAME: PC

PURPOSE: "POLARIZATION CALIBRATION"

THE POLARIZING OPTICS OF THE RTSM CONSISTS OF LINEAR POLARIZER,  $\lambda/4$  PLATE (ANALIZER), KD\*P CRYSTAL. THIS PROGRAM IS TO ADJUST THE ANGLE  $\theta$  IN BETWEEN THE LINEAR POLARIZER AND THE  $\lambda/4$  PLATE (ANALIZER) AND COMPARE THE RESULT OF THE VECTOR COMPONENTS U, Q, V IN MATHEMATICAL FORM WITH THE REAL TIME DATA

MATH FORMAT	$\lambda/4$ IN	$\lambda/4$ OUT
U = C		SIN(2 $\theta$ )
Q = COS(2 $\theta$ )		COS(2 $\theta$ )
V = SIN(2 $\theta$ )		C

REAL TIME DATA

U = 1A1B  
Q = 2A2B  
V = 3A3B

DESCRIPTION: U: Linearly Polarization at an Angle

Q: Intensity Which is Linearly Polarized Parallel to Some Fixed Direction  $\vec{i}$  in the Plane Perpendicular to the Direction of Propagation of the Light

V: Circularly Polarized Light

# PROGRAM AND SUBROUTINE LAYOUT:

PC  
  STCTL  
    CDDRW  
      \*GETADR  
      \*Q10  
      ERRC  
      \*WAITFR

  UPD

  CDDRW

  ZFT2

    CDDRW  
    BCDXA

  MOD

    CDDRW

  ACQSAV

    CDDRW  
    \*Q10  
    WAITFR  
    XDISK  
      SMNAM  
      POPEN  
      ERRC  
      \*GETADR  
      \*WTQ10  
      ERRC  
      PBLOCK  
      PCLOSE

  DISPLY

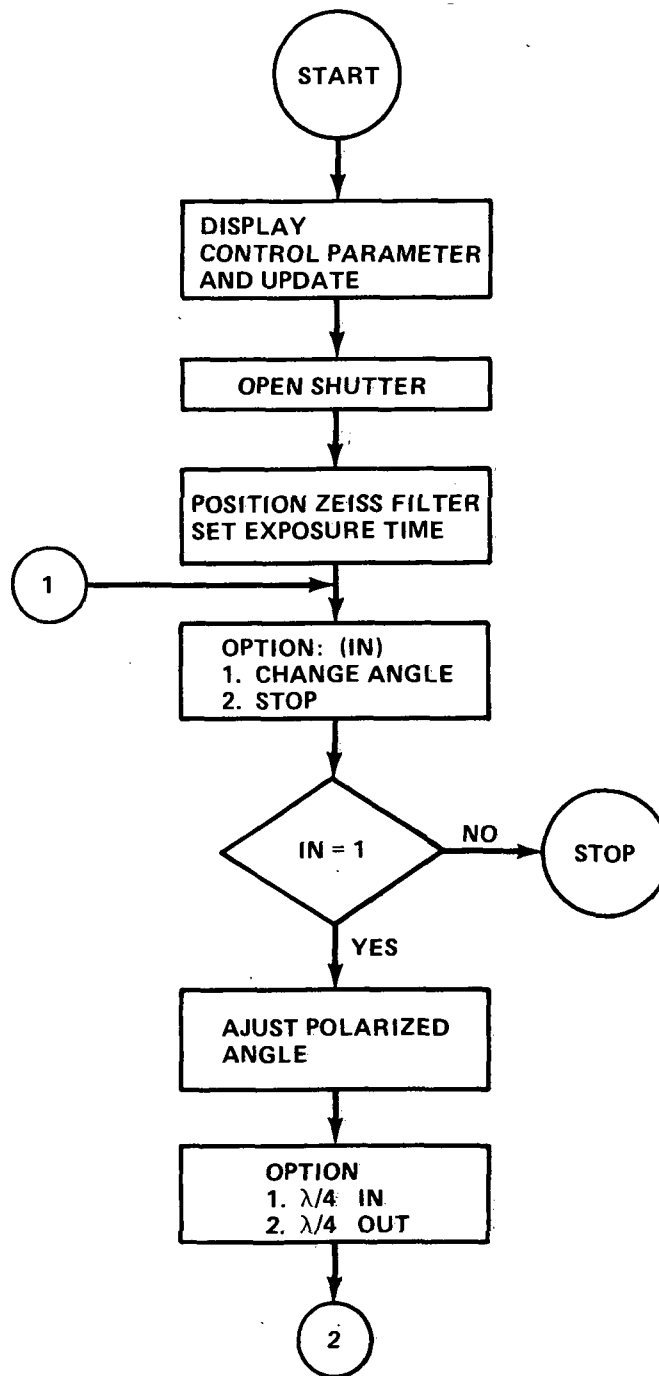
    \*SPAWN  
    \*WAITFR

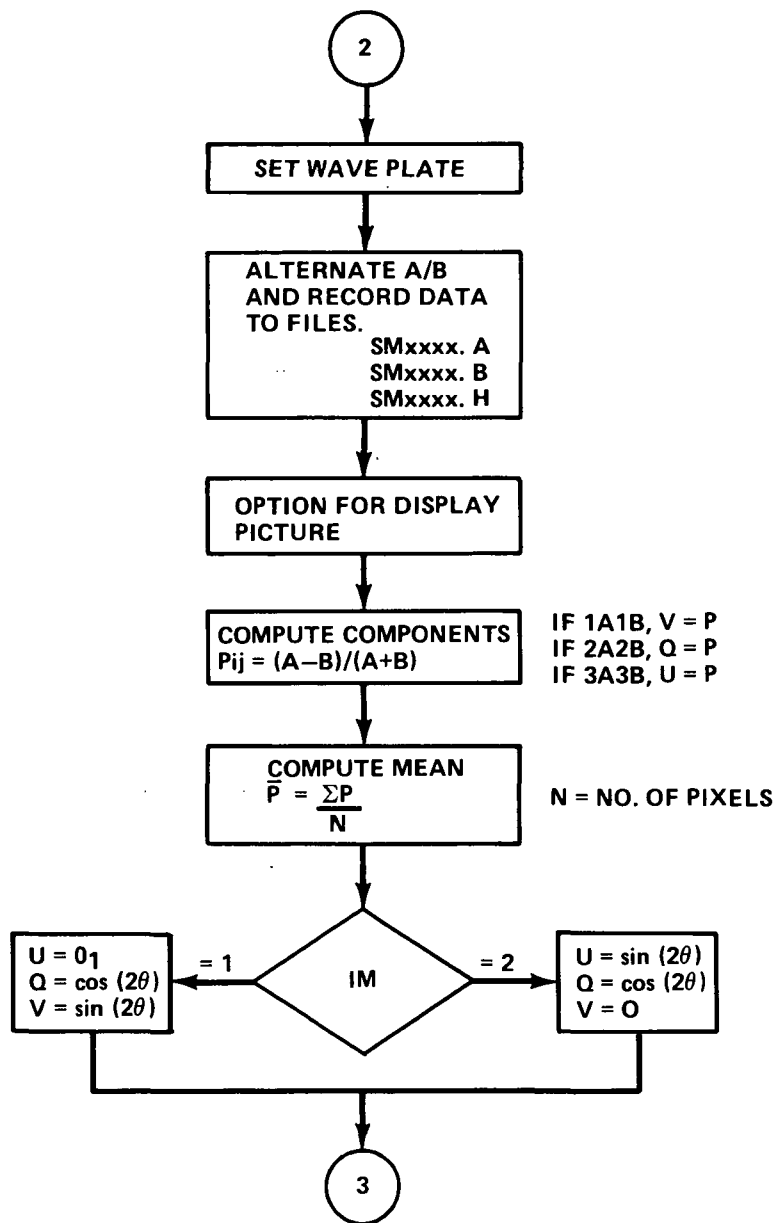
  ANALY

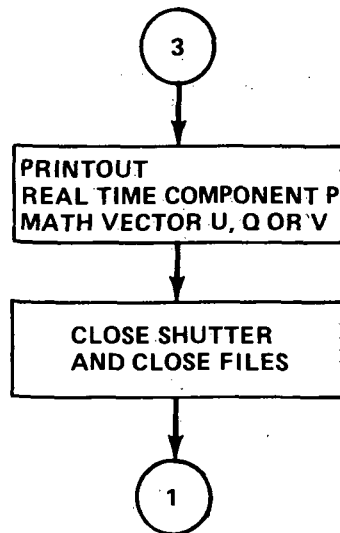
    HOUS  
      \*GETADR  
      BCDXA  
      \*WTQ10  
      ERRC  
      NBIT  
      SUB  
      ZF1  
      CDDRW  
      BCDXA

  HKEEP

# FLOW DIAGRAM







PROGRAM NAME : PC

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION : POLARIZATION CALIBRATION

1. MODE:1. 1A1B 2. 2A2B 3. 3A3B 4. (2AB,3AB) 5. ALL	5
2. NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS	16
3. STARTING PIXEL NO.	1
4. STARTING LINE NO.	1
5. NO OF PIXELS	128
6. NO OF LINES	128
7. BEGINNING EXP TIME	100
8. CENTER FILTER POSITION	519
9. FILTER POSITION	527
10. BINNING IN X AXIS	2
11. BINNING IN Y AXIS	2

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED

2

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED

2

INPUT PARAMETER NO. =7,8

7. EXPOSURE TIME=100

8. CENTER FILTER POSITION = 518

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED

4

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ANGLE
2. STOP

1

INPUT ANGLE IN DEGREES = 22.50

OPTION :

1. W/4 IN
2. W/4 OUT

(ADJUST ANGLE)

2

PRINT OUT

REAL PT=

,THEORETICAL PT=

,THETA ANGLE=

SM0693.A

SM0693.B

DO YOU WANT TO DISPLAY PICTURES

(YES=1,NO=0)

INPUT COMMENTS=

(KEY IN \*\* FOR TERMINATION)

\*\*

SM0694.A

SM0694.B

DO YOU WANT TO DISPLAY PICTURES

(YES=1,NO=0)

0

.

.

.

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ANGLE

2. STOP

2

--STOP



PROGRAM NAME: PH

PURPOSE: "PHOTO CALIBRATION"

TAKING DATA FOR SIX STEPS OF FILTER POSITION,

1. Center Filter -6
2. Center Filter +0
3. Center Filter +2
4. Center Filter +3
5. Center Filter +4
6. Center Filter +5

AND ONE ZERO-ILLUMINATION SET. SAVE THESE DATA INTO SMXXXX.  
FILES FOR FUTURE DATA ANALYSIS PROGRAMS TO NORMALIZE THE  
ABSOLUTE INTENSITY FROM THE BACKGROUND NOISE.

PROGRAM LAYOUT:

PH  
  STCTL  
    CDDRW  
      \*GETADR  
      \*Q10  
      ERRC  
      \*WAITFR

  UPD

  CDDRW  
  ZFT2  
    \*GETADR  
    \*WTQ10  
    ERRC  
    BCDXA

  MOD

    CDDRW

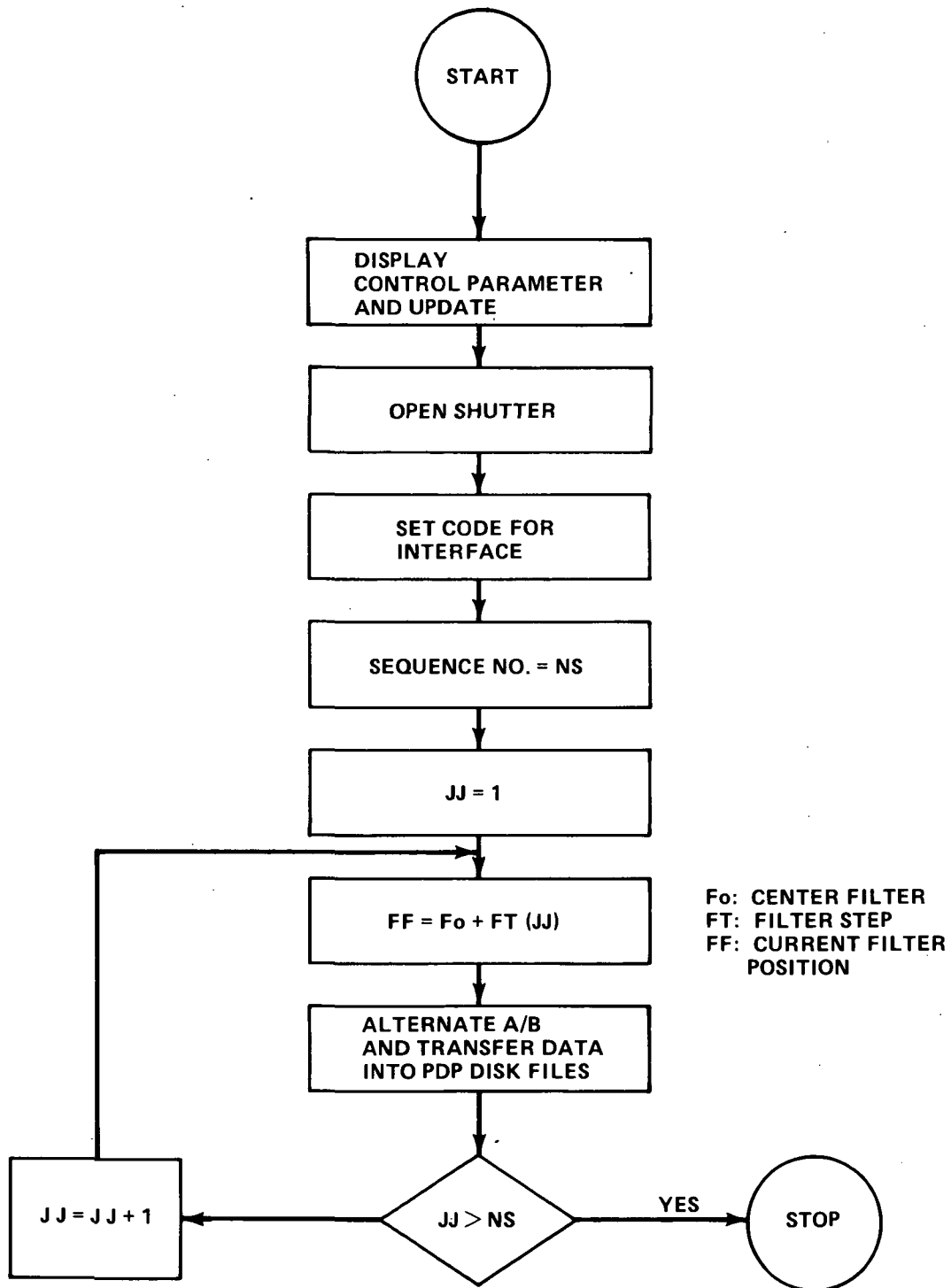
    ACQSAV  
      CDDRW  
      \*Q10  
      TRANS1  
      WAITFR

  DISPLY  
    \*SPAWN  
    \*WAITFR

ZERO

CDDRW  
MOD  
ACQSAV  
DISPLY

# FLOW DIAGRAM



```

PROGRAM NAME : PH
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION : PHOTO CALIBRATION
1. MODE:1. 1A1B 2. 2A2B 3. 3A3B 4. (2AB,3AB) 5. ALL      1
2. NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS      128
3. STARTING PIXEL NO.      1
4. STARTING LINE NO.      1
5. NO OF PIXELS      128
6. NO OF LINES      128
7. BEGINNING EXP TIME      100
8. CENTER FILTER POSITION      519
9. FILTER POSITION      527
10. BINNING IN X AXIS      2
11. BINNING IN Y AXIS      2

```

```

OPTION :
1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED
2

```

```

OPTION :
1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED
4

```

```

SAVE TRANSFER DATA
SMXXXX.A
SMXXXX.B

```

```

CONTINUE NEXT STEP OF FILTER POSITION AND TRANSFER DATA UNTIL
FINISHED SIX STEPS OF FILTER POSITION

```

```

DISPLAY IMAGE
--STOP

```

\* \* \* \* \*  
\*  
\* MAGNETOGRAPH MODE \*  
\*  
\* \* \* \* \*

PROGRAM NAME: SM

PURPOSE: "SOLAR MAGNETOGRAPH"  
A STRAIGHT THROUGH DATA TAKEN PROGRAM WITH OPTIONS OF  
DISPLAYING THE PICTURE.

SAVED FILES: SMXXXX.A  
SMXXXX.B  
SMXXXX.H HOUSEKEEPING

PROGRAM AND SUBROUTINE LAYOUT:

```
SM
  STCTL
    CDDRW
      *GETADR
      *Q10
      ERRC
      *WAITFR

    , UPD

  CDDRW
  ZFT2

    CDDRW
    BCDXA

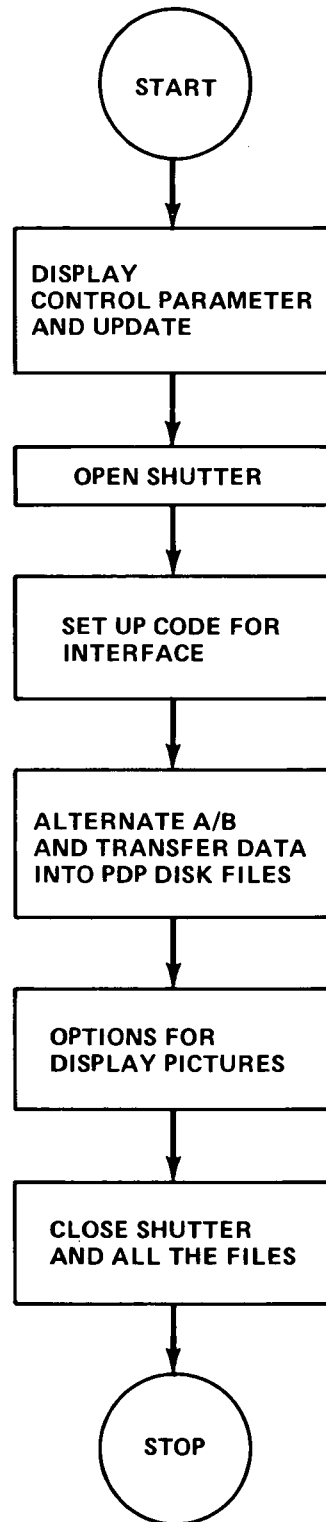
  MOD
    CDDRW

  ACQSAV
    CDDRW
    *Q10
    WAITFR
    XDISK
      SMNAM
      POPEN
      ERRC
      *GETADR
      *WTQ10
      ERRC
      PBLOCK
      PCLOSE

  HSAV
    HOUS
    HKEEP

  DISPLAY
    CDDRW
```

## FLOW DIAGRAM



PROGRAM NAME : SM  
 PROGRAM DESCRIPTION : SOLAR MAGNETOGRAPH

1. MODE:1. 1A1B 2. 2A2B 3. 3A3B 4. (2AB,3AB) 5. ALL	1
2. NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS	256
3. STARTING PIXEL NO.	1
4. STARTING LINE NO.	1
5. NO OF PIXELS	128
6. NO OF LINES	128
7. BEGINNING EXP TIME	100
8. CENTER FILTER POSITION	519
9. FILTER POSITION	527
10. BINNING IN X AXIS	2
11. BINNING IN Y AXIS	2

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ALL  
 2. SELECTED  
 3. DISPLAY  
 4. COMPLETED  
 2

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ALL  
 2. SELECTED  
 3. DISPLAY  
 4. COMPLETED  
 2

INPUT PARAMETER NO. =

1,2

1. MODE: 1.1A1B 2. 2A2B 3. 3A3B 4. (2AB,3AB) 5. ALL =1  
 2. NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS = 1

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ALL  
 2. SELECTED  
 3. DISPLAY  
 4. COMPLETED

4

SMXXXX.A  
 SMXXXX.B

DO YOU WANT TO DISPLAY PICTURES

(YES=1,NO=0)

0

--STOP



PROGRAM NAME: AM

PURPOSE: "AUTO MODE"

THIS PROGRAM IS LIKE SM PROGRAM, EXCEPT IT CONTINUES TO  
REPEAT THE SAME PROCEDURE WITH DIFFERENT FILTER STEPS UNTIL  
THE SEQUENCE IS COMPLETED OR TERMINATED BY KEYING IN CONTROL  
C, ACD, AND ABO.

PROGRAM AND SUBROUTINE LAYOUT:

AM  
  STCTL  
    CDDRW  
      \*GETADR  
      \*Q10  
      ERRC  
      \*WAITFR

  CDDRW  
  ZFT2  
    CDDRW  
    BCDXA

  HSAV  
    HOUS  
    HKEEP

  ACQSAV  
    CDDRW  
    WAITFR  
    XDISK  
      SMNAM  
      POPEN  
      ERRC  
      \*GETADR  
      \*WTQ10  
      PBLOCK  
      PCLOSE

PROGRAM NAME : AM

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION : AUTO MODE

1. MODE:1. 1A1B 2. 2A2B 3. 3A3B 4. (2AB,3AB) 5. ALL	5
2. NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS	256
3. STARTING PIXEL NO.	1
4. STARTING LINE NO.	1
5. NO OF PIXELS	128
6. NO OF LINES	128
7. BEGINNING EXP TIME	85
8. CENTER FILTER POSITION	528
9. TIME DELAY	0
10. NO. OF SEQUENCE REPEAT	1
11. BINNING IN X AXIS	2
12. BINNING IN Y AXIS	2
13. FILTER SEQUENCE	6

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED

2

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED

4

REPEAT THE SAME PROCEDURE WITH DIFFERENT FILTER STEPS UNTIL  
THE SEQUENCE IS COMPLETED OR TERMINATED BY "KEY IN CNTL/C AND  
ACD , AND ABO"

SMXXXX.A  
SMXXXX.B  
SMXXXX.A  
SMXXXX.B

.  
.  
.

CNTL/C

ACD

ABO

--STOP

PROGRAM NAME: FS

PURPOSE: "FILTER SCAN"

THIS PROGRAM OPERATES THE SAME AS AM EXCEPT THE INTERVAL IN  
BETWEEN FILTER STEPS ARE THE SAME.

PROGRAM AND SUBROUTINE LAYOUT:

FS

CDDRW

STCTL

ZFT2

MOD

ACQSAV

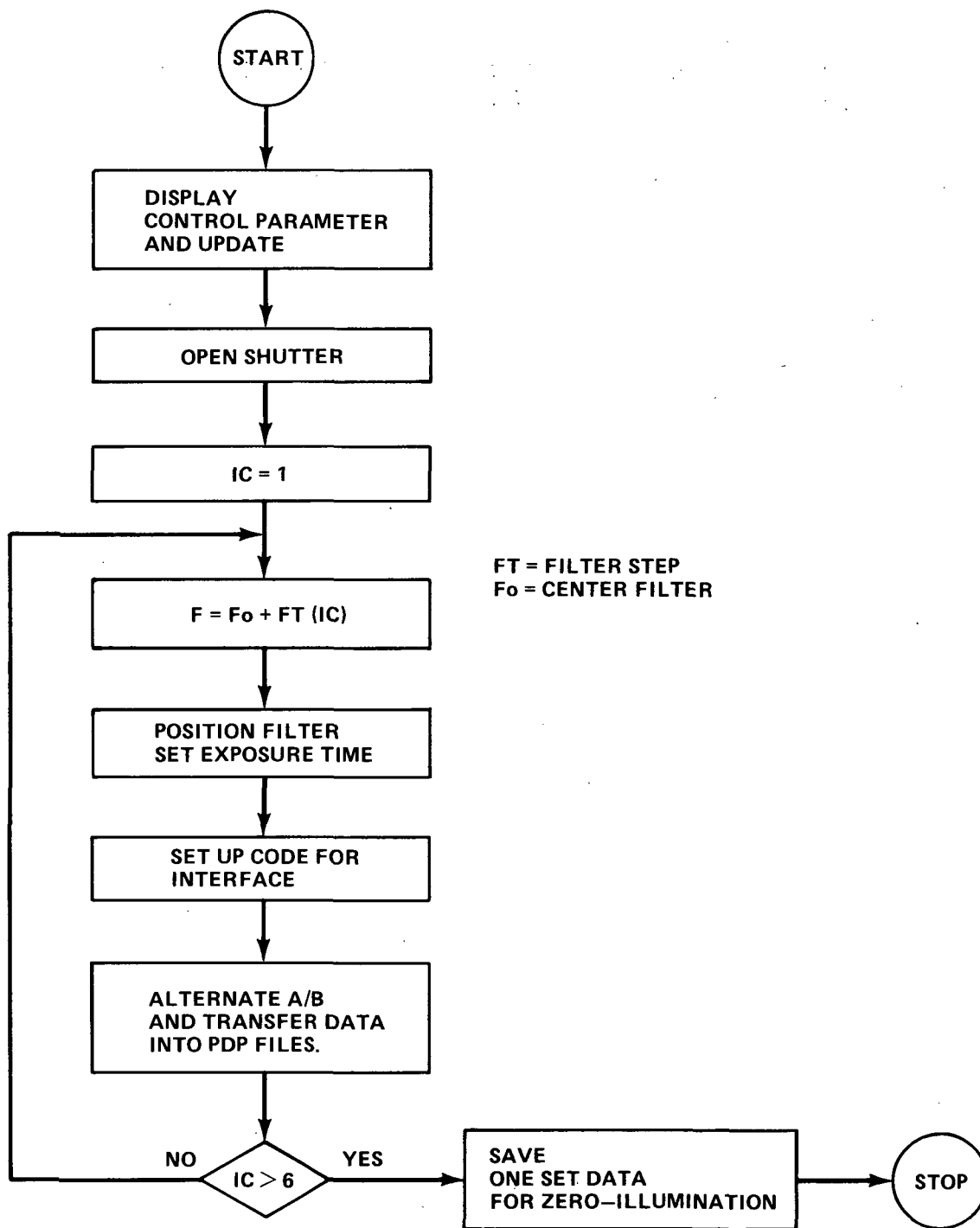
DISPLY

SAVH

AVE

LOCAT

# FLOW DIAGRAM



PROGRAM NAME : FS

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION : FILTER SCAN

1. MODE:1. 1A1B 2. 2A2B 3. 3A3B 4. (2AB,3AB) 5. ALL	1
2. NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS	16
3. STARTING PIXEL NO.	1
4. STARTING LINE NO.	1
5. NO OF PIXELS	128
6. NO OF LINES	128
7. BEGINNING EXP TIME	100
8. EXPOSURE TIME STEP I	50
9. NO. OF STEPS FOR STEP I	10
10. EXPOSURE TIME STEP II	10
11. NO. OF STEPS FOR STEP II	20
12. BEGINNING FILTER POSITION	519
13. ENDING FILTER POSITION	527
14. FILTER POSITION STEP	1
13. CENTER FILTER POSITION	519
16. BINNING IN X AXIS	2
17. BINNING IN Y AXIS	2

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED

2

OPTION :

1. GO
2. STOP

1

INPUT SIGNAL RANGE IN PERCENTAGE (REAL NO.)=

SET UP CONTROL TABLE

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED

4

SAVE DATA SET

SMXXXX.A

SMXXXX.B

PV= ,FILTER POSITION =

LOCATE PIXEL POSITION WITH THE SELECTED SIGNAL LEVEL

(Xi,Yi)= ,

.  
.  
.

OPTION :

1. GO
  2. STOP
- 2

--STOP

\* \* \* \* \*  
\*  
\*           DIAGNOSTICS           \*  
\*  
\* \* \* \* \*

PROGRAM NAME: SOLAR

PURPOSE: THIS IS A TESTING PROGRAM. IT ALLOWS THE OPERATOR TO ENTER ANY  
INTERFACE CODE AND CHECK OUT THE PROBLEMS INDIVIDUALLY.

PROGRAM AND SUBROUTINE LAYOUT:

```
SOLAR
  CDDRW
  SOLZF
  SOLSUB
    *GETADR
    *WTQ10
    ERRC
    *WAITFR
```

```
SOLCLK
  NBIT
```

```
SOLSW:
  CDDRW
  SUB
```

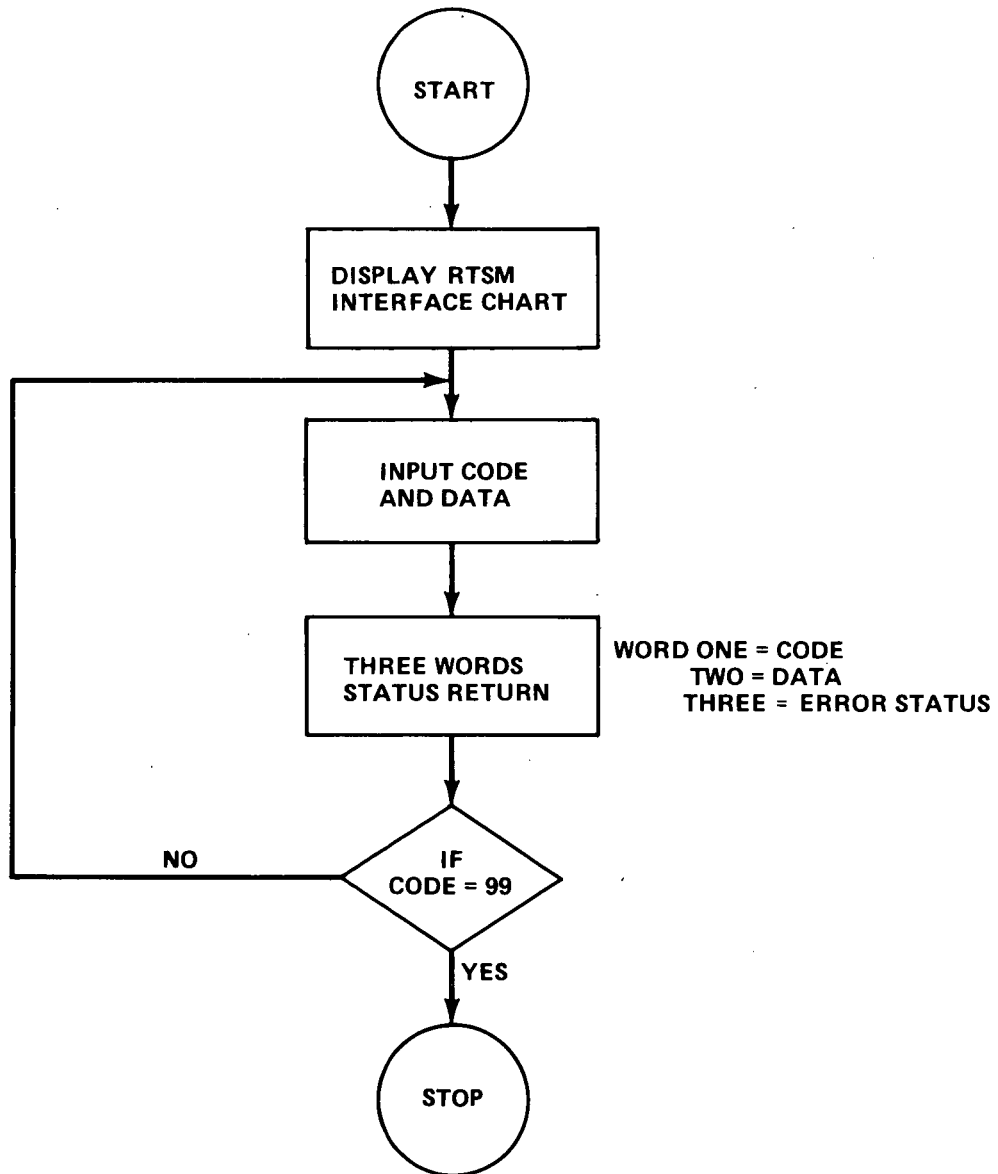
```
SOLXDK
  POPEN
  ERRC
  *GETADR
  *WTQ10
  ERRC
  PBLOCK
  PCLOSE
```

```
HOUS
  *GETADR
  BCDXA
  *WTQ10
  ERRC
  NBIT
  SUB
  ZF1
  CDDRW
  BCDXA
```

HKEEP



# FLOW DIAGRAM



# MARSHALL SPACE FLIGHT CENTER VECTOR MAGNETORGRAPH

<u>OPERATION</u>	
CODE	FUNCTION
35	PDP CONTROL
37	TERMINAL INPUT
28 -	ALTERNATE A/B
31	CHANGE FILTER
25	DMA XFER
45	SHUTTER VOLTAGES
46	POLAR. VOLTAGES
02	COD INPUT
24	FILM CAMERA
53	MEMORY PATTERN
54	CLEAR
55	TEST PATTERN
56	DISPLAY STORAGE

<u>STATUS</u>	
CODE	FUNCTION
41	A RELAY 1
42	B RELAY 2
43	WAVEPLATE POS. 1
32	FILTER POS 522
21	ENHANCEMENTS 256
51	EXP. TIME 70
23	VIDEO DISPLAY
15	R-T CLOCK 221: 16: 41: 14
11	DVM #1 0.163
12	DVM #2 -9.827
14	A/D CHANNELS: #1 185 #2 185
	#3 167 #4 209 #5
	#6 #7 #8
16	STATUS SWITCHES

INPUT CODE = 28

RETURN 3 WORD IN DEC = 1

INPUT DATA = \_

209 0

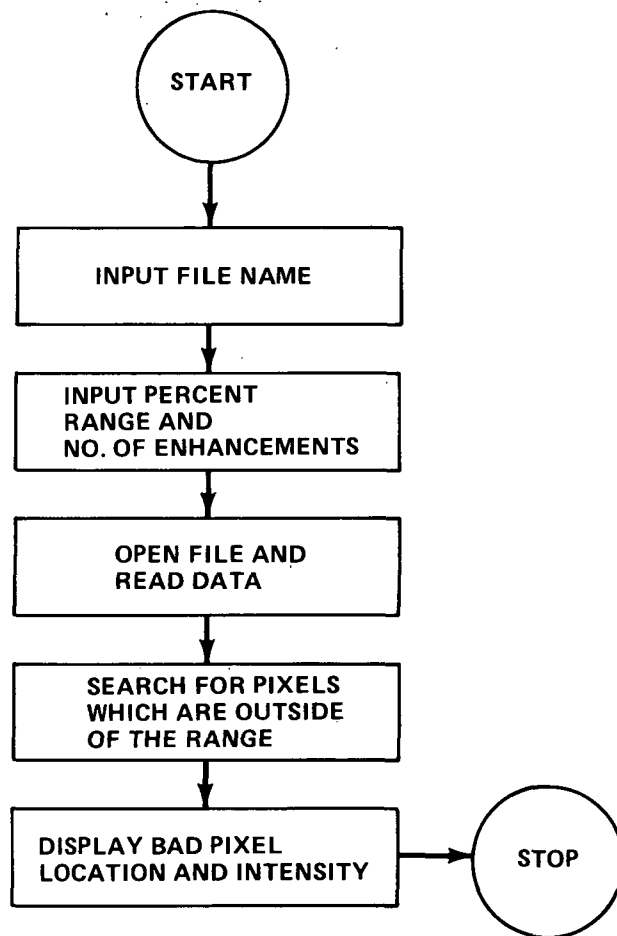
PROGRAM NAME: BADPX

PURPOSE: LOOK FOR BAD PIXELS. DISPLAY THE BAD PIXEL LOCATION AND  
INTENSITY.

PROGRAM AND SUBROUTINE:

BADPX  
NBIT

FLOW DIAGRAM:



PROGRAM NAME : BADPX  
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION : BAD PIXEL

INPUT FILENAME =  
SMXXXX.A

INPUT PERCENT RANGE (REAL NO.)= XXXX.XX,XXXX.XX

STARTING AND ENDING LINE NO.=  
STARTING AND ENDING PIXEL NO.=

PRINT OUT ALL THE PIXEL POSITION AND INTENSITY FOR  
THE PIXEL OUTSIDE OF THE RANGE

--STOP

PROGRAM NAME: FIXPX .

PURPOSE: THIS PROGRAM IS TO REPLACE A BAD PIXEL WITH THE INTENISTY  
VALUE EQUIVALENT TO THE PREVIOUS PIXEL.

PROGRAM NAME : FIXPX  
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION : FIX THE BAD PIXEL

INPUT FILE NAME =  
SMXXXX.A

OUTPUT FILE NAME =  
SMXXXX.A

INPUT NO. OF BAD PIXELS =  
n

PIXEL LOCATION =  
X1,Y1 = ,

.

.

.

Xn,Yn = ,

IF THE BADPIXEL IS AT LOCATION (1,1)  
THEN INPUT PERCENTAGE FOR THAT PIXEL (REAL NO.)

--STOP

PROGRAM NAME: ACD

PURPOSE : THIS PROGRAM IS TO TERMINATE THE INTERFACE.

PROGRAM AND SUBROUTINE LAYOUT:

ACD

CDDRW

\*GETADR

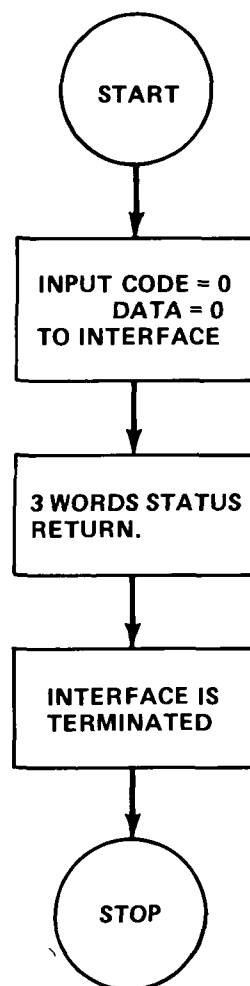
\*Q10

ERRC

WAITFER



**FLOW DIAGRAM:**



\* \* \* \* \*  
\*  
\* ANALYSIS \*  
\*  
\* \* \* \* \*

Preceding Page Blank

PROGRAM NAME: CR

PURPOSE: "CROSS TALK"  
THIS PROGRAM IS TO COMPARE DATA A 5 POINT (4 CORNER AREAS  
AND 1 CENTER AREA)

PROGRAM AND SUBROUTINE LAYOUT:

```
CR
  STCTL
    CDDRW
      *GETADR
      *Q10
      ERRC
      *WAITFR

  UPD

  CDDRW
  ZFT2
    *GETADR
    *WTQ10
    ERRC
    BCDXA

  MOD
  CDDRW

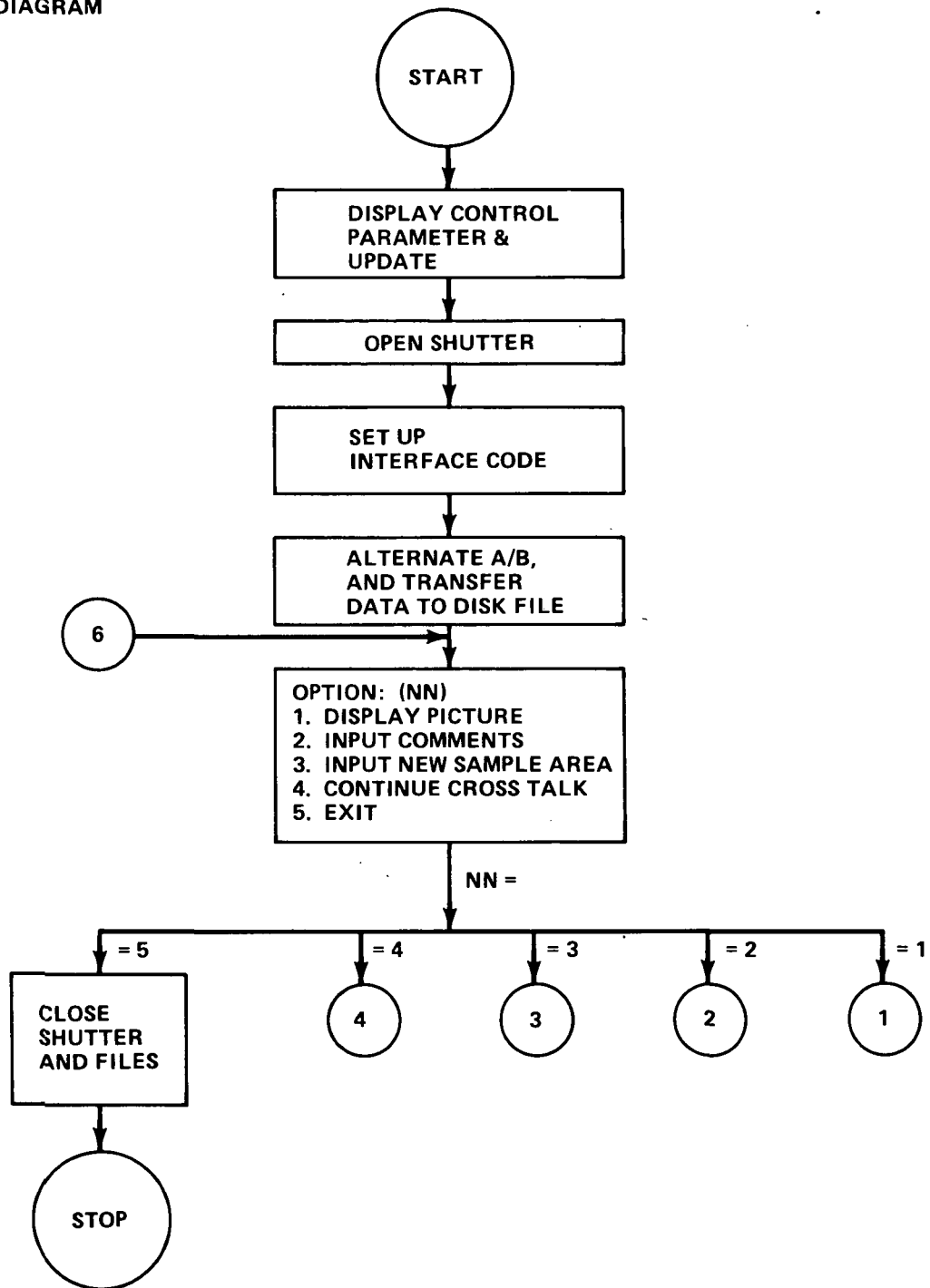
  ACQTRA
    CDDRW
    *Q10
    TRANS1
    WAITFR

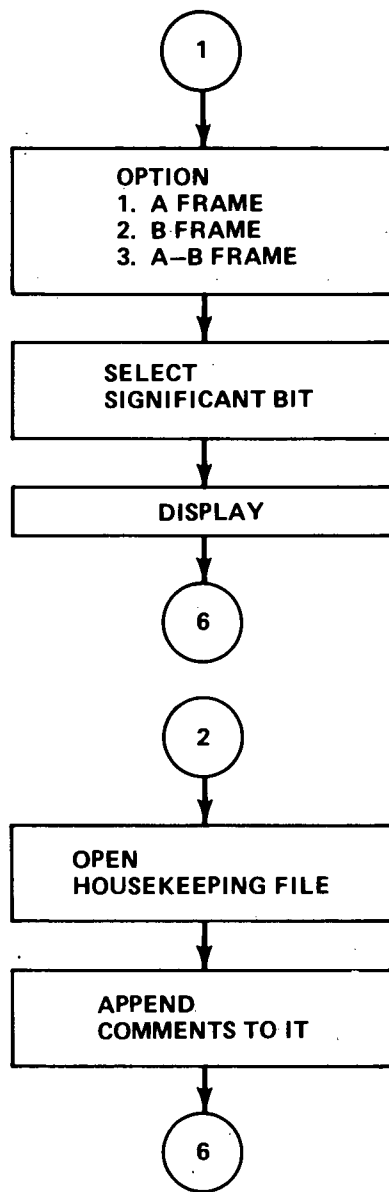
  DISPLY
    *SPAWN
    *WAITFR

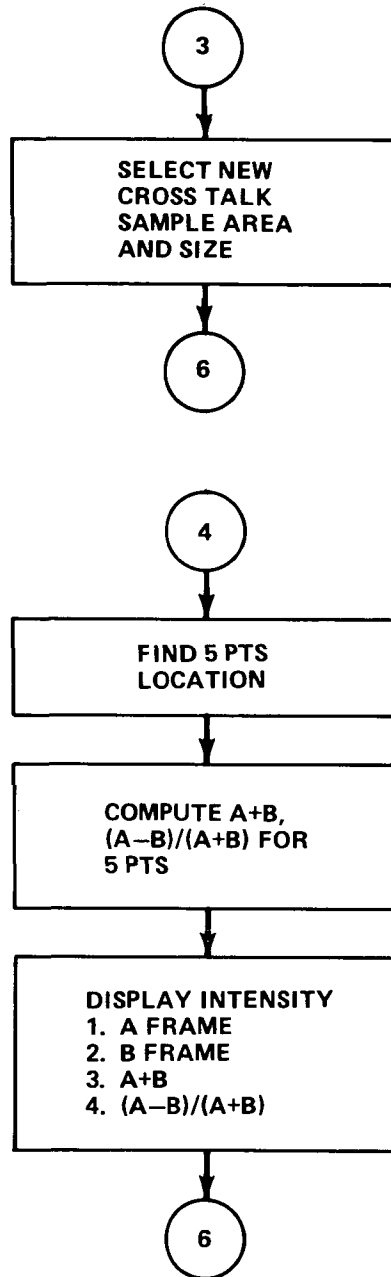
  CRSUB
    HOUS
      *GETADR
      BCDXA
      *WTQ10
      ERRC
      NBIT
      SUB
      ZF1
      CDDRW
```

single 3059 10/15/01

# FLOW DIAGRAM







PROGRAM NAME : CR

PROGRAM DESCRIPTION : CROSS TALK

1. MODE:1. 1A1B 2. 2A2B 3. 3A3B 4. (2AB,3AB) 5. ALL	1
2. NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS	8
3. STARTING PIXEL NO.	1
4. STARTING LINE NO.	1
5. NO OF PIXELS	128
6. NO OF LINES	128
7. BEGINNING EXP TIME	300
8. CENTER FILTER POSITION	519
9. FILTER POSITION	519
10. BINNING IN X AXIS	2
15. BINNING IN Y AXIS	2

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED

2

OPTION :

1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED

4

OPTION:

1. GO
2. SOTP

1

SMXXXX.A

SMXXXX.B

DEFAULT SAMPLE AREA

STARTING PIXEL AND LINE NO. = 20,20

SIZE (X,Y)=10,10

OPTION :

1. DISPLAY PICTURE
2. INPUT COMMENTS
3. INPUT NEW SAMPLE AREA SIZE
4. CONTINUE CROSS TALK
5. EXIT

4

DISPLAY 5 POINTS FOR A,B FRAME ,  $(A-B)/(A+B)$ ,  $(A+B)$

A =  
B =  
 $CR = (A - B) / (A + B)$   
 $INT = (A + B)$

OPTION :

1. GO  
2. STOP  
2

--STOP



PROGRAM NAME: SN1

PURPOSE: "SIGNAL TO NOISE ANALYSIS"

SAVE 4 SETS OF DATA

1. (L) images with light (LL)
2. (L) images without light (LZ)
3. (I) image with light (ZL)
4. (I) unage without light (ZZ)

USE THESE DATA TO CALCULATE THE RANDOM AND FIXED NOISE THROUGH THE FOLLOWING THREE EQUATIONS:

$$(Sij)_I = (S)_I + (ij)_I + (ij)_I$$

$$(Sij)_L = (S)_L + (ij)_L$$

$$\frac{(\Delta ij)_L}{(\bar{S})_L} = \frac{(\Delta ij)_I}{(\bar{S})_I}$$

$(Sij)_I$ : Single Pixel Intensity for (ZL-ZZ)

$(Sij)_L$ : Single Pixel Intensity for (LL-LZ)

$(S)_I$ :  $(\sum Sij)_I / N$

N. No of pixels

$(S)_L$ :  $(\sum Sij)_L / N$

$(ij)_I$ : Random Noise

$(ij)_I$ : Fixed Noise

Random Noise:

$$Tij = (sij)_I - \frac{(\bar{S})_I}{(\bar{S})_L} - (Sij)_L$$

Fixed Noise:

$$\Delta_{ij} = (\bar{S})_1 \left[ \frac{(S_{ij})_L}{(\bar{S})_L} - 1 \right]$$

Standard Deviation:

$$T = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (\Delta_{ij})^2}{N}}$$

Signal to Noise:

$$S/N = (\bar{S})_1 / T$$

PROGRAM AND SUBROUTINE LAYOUT:

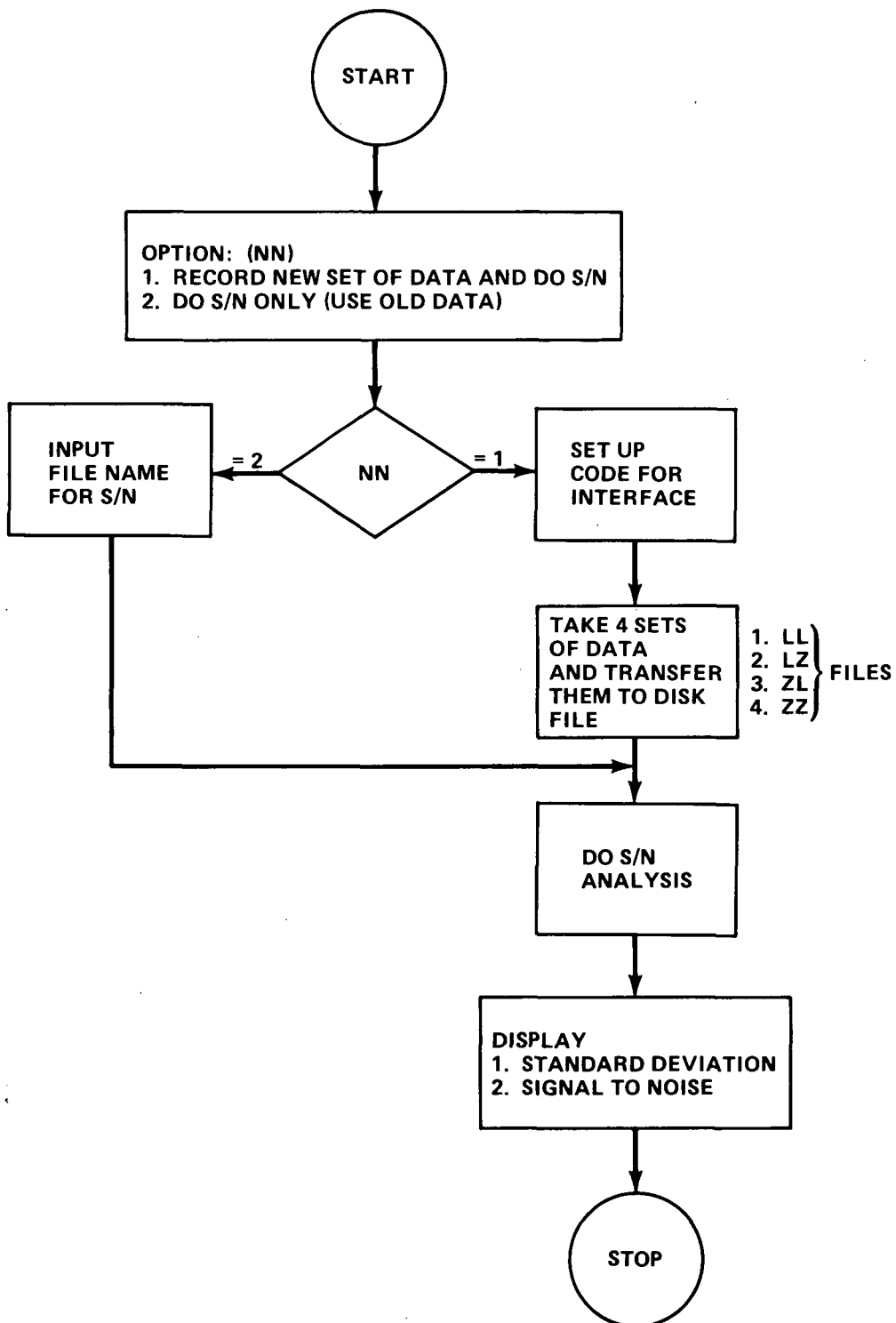
```
SN1
  UPD
  CDDRW
  MOD
    CDDRW
  SNCTL
    CDDRW
    *GETADR
    *Q10
    ERRC
    *WAITFR
```

```
ACQSAV
  CDDRW
  *Q10
  WAITFR
  XDISK
    SMNAM
    POPEN
    ERRC
    *GETADR
    *WTQ10
    PBLOCK
    PCLOSE
```

```
AVE
  HKEEP
```

```
SNN1
```

# FLOW DIAGRAM



```

PROGRAM NAME : SN1
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION : SIGNAL TO NOISE ANALYSIS
1. MODE:1. 1A1B 2. 2A2B 3. 3A3B 4. (2AB,3AB) 5. ALL      1
2. NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS                                  16
3. STARTING PIXEL NO.                                    1
4. STARTING LINE NO.                                     1
5. NO OF PIXELS                                           128
6. NO OF LINES                                            128
7. BEGINNING EXP TIME                                     100
8. CENTER FILTER POSITION                                  519
9. FILTER POSITION                                         527
10. BINNING IN X AXIS                                    2
11. BINNING IN Y AXIS                                    2

```

OPTION :

```

1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED
2

```

OPTION :

```

1. RECORD NEW SET OF DATA AND DO S/N
2. DO S/N ONLY(USE OLD DATA)

```

IF SELECT OPTION 1

TAKE 4 SETS OF DATA WITH DIFFERENT EXPOSURE TIME AND NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS ,RUNNING PROCEDURE LIKE SM PROGRAM

```

1. (L) IMAGE WITH LIGHT (LL)
2. (L) IMAGE WITHOUT LIGHT (LZ)
3. (1) IMAGE WITH LIGHT (ZL)
4. (1) IMAGE WITHOUT LIGHT (ZZ)

```

IF SELECT OPTION 2

INPUT 4 DATA SETS NAMES

DO S/N ANALYSIS

INPUT RANGE

STARTING AND ENDING LINE NO.= XXXXX,XXXXX

STARTING AND ENDING PIXEL NO.=XXXXX,XXXXX

PRINT OUT

AVERAGE INTENSITY FOR L ENHANCEMENTS=

AVERAGE INTENSITY FOR 1 ENHANCEMENTS=

STANDARD DEVIATION =

S/N =

SIGNAL TO NOISE (XXXXXXXXXX: 1)

PROGRAM NAME: SN2

PURPOSE: "SIGNAL TO NOISE 2"

THIS PROGRAM USES TWO IDENTICAL DATA SETS (A1, A2) AND ONE ZERO-ILLUMINATION DATA SET TO DO THE SIGNAL TO NOISE ANALYSIS.

CALCULATION PROCEDURE:

1. Take Away the Background Noise

$$A1 - Z = S_{ij}^{(1)}$$

$$A2 - Z = S_{ij}^{(2)}$$

2. Calculate Image

$$(s_{ij})^C = \left[ S_{ij}^{(1)} * \frac{\langle S_{ij} \rangle^{(2)}}{(S_{ij})^{(2)}} \right] \quad \langle \rangle \text{ means average}$$

3. Find Average  $\langle S_{ij} \rangle^C$

4. Calculate Deviation

$$\Delta S_{ij} = (S_{ij})^C - \langle S_{ij} \rangle^C$$

5. Calculate Variance

$$\mu_L = \frac{\sum \Delta S_{ij}^L}{M}$$

M. No of pixels  
L. 2,3,4

6. Calculate Skewness

$$\beta_1 = \mu_3^2 / \mu_2^2, \beta_2 = \mu_4^2 / \mu_2^2$$

$$skw = \sqrt{\beta_1} \cdot (\beta_2 + 3) / 2 \cdot (5\beta_2 - 6\beta_1 - 9)$$

7. Calculate Standard Deviation

$$T = \sqrt{\mu_2}$$

8. Calculate Signal to Noise

$$S/N = (\langle s_{ij} \rangle^C / T) * \sqrt{2}$$

OUTPUT FILE FOR MATRIX  $(S_{ij}^C)$  is [SIJC.DAT]

OUTPUT FILE FOR MATRIX  $\Delta S_{ij}$  is [DESL.DAT]

HISTOGRAM PROGRAM IS AVAILABLE FOR THESE TWO OUTPUT FILES.

PROGRAM AND SUBROUTINE LAYOUT:

SN2  
  UPD  
  CDDRW  
    \*GETADR  
    \*Q10  
    ERRC  
    \*WAITFR

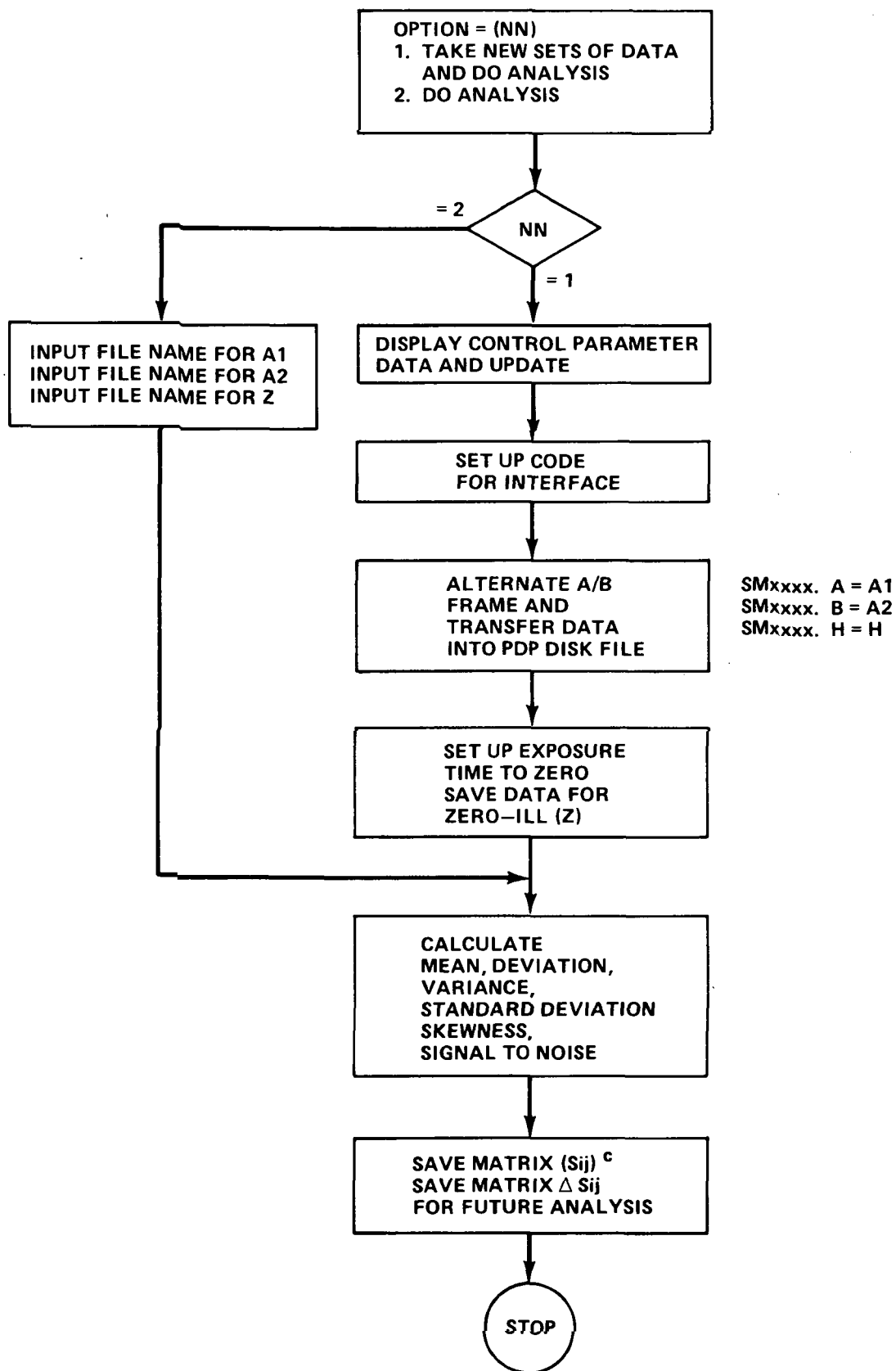
MOD  
  CDDRW

SNCTL  
  CDDRW  
    \*GETADR  
    \*Q10  
    ERRC  
    \*WAITFR

ACQSAV  
  CDDRW  
  \*Q10  
  TRANS1  
  WAITFR

SNN2

# FLOW DIAGRAM





```

PROGRAM NAME : SN2
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION :SIGNAL TO NOISE 2
1. MODE:1. 1A1B 2. 2A2B 3. 3A3B 4. (2AB,3AB) 5. ALL      1
2. NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS                                16
3. STARTING PIXEL NO.                                  1
4. STARTING LINE NO.                                   1
5. NO OF PIXELS                                         128
6. NO OF LINES                                          128
7. BEGINNING EXP TIME                                   100
8. CENTER FILTER POSITION                                519
9. FILTER POSITION                                       527
10. BINNING IN X AXIS                                   2
11. BINNING IN Y AXIS                                  2

```

```

OPTION :
1. CHANGE ALL
2. SELECTED
3. DISPLAY
4. COMPLETED
2

```

```

OPTION :
1. RECORD NEW SET OF DATA AND DO S/N
2. DO S/N ANALYSIS ONLY

```

```

IF SELECT OPTION 1
TAKE 3 SETS OF DATA , USE PROCEDURE LIKE SM PROGRAM ,SET UP
EXPOSURE TIME AND NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS
TWO IDENTICAL DATA SETS (A1,A2)
ONE ZERO-ILL DATA SET (Z) WITH ZERO EXP.

```

```

IF SELECT OPTION 2
ANSWER QUESTION FOR 3 DATA SET NAME

```

```

INPUT PIXEL RANGE
STARTING AND ENDING LINE NO.=
STARTING AND ENDING PIXEL NO.=

```

```

PRINT OUT AVERAGE FOR (Sij)
PRINT OUT THE VARIANCE UL
PRINT OUT THE STANDARD DEVIATION
S/N=

```

```

--STOP

```

PROGRAM NAME: HISTG, HISTGR, HIST

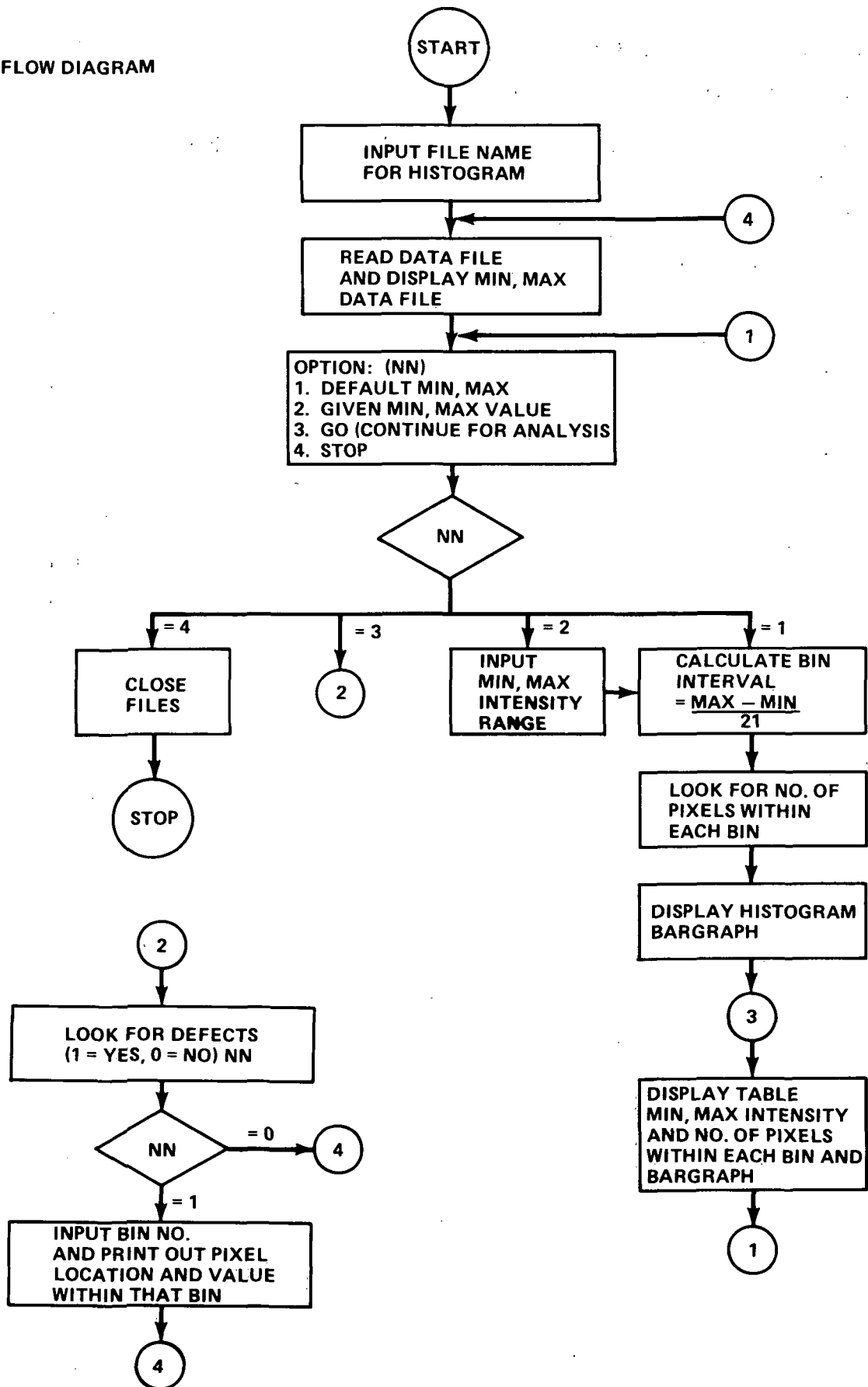
PURPOSE: THESE PROGRAMS ARE FOR HISTOGRAM ANALYSIS

THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THESE PROGRAMS ARE THE FORMAT FOR  
INPUT FILES.

1. HISTG - Sequential, Formatted File  
Record size = 1024 bytes  
FORMAT (4 (32F8,21)
2. HISTGR - Raw Mag. Data  
Sequential, Formatted File  
Record Size = 512  
FORMAT (128A4)
3. HIST - Unformatted Sequential File  
Record Size = 512

THIS PROGRAM READS THE ENTIRE DATA AND DIVIDES THE DATA INTO 20 BINS WITH  
SAME INCREMENTS OF INTENSITY VALUE AND PRINT OUT BARGRAPH.

# FLOW DIAGRAM



PROGRAM NAME : HIST,HISTG,HISTR  
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION : HISTOGRAM

INPUT FILE NAME=  
MIN INTENSITY =XXXXX.XX  
MAX INTENSITY =XXXXX.XX

OPTION :  
1. DEFAULT  
2. INPUT MIN AND MAX INTENSITY  
3. GO  
4. STOP

IF SELECT OPTION 2  
INPUT MIN,MAX INTENSITY  
PRINT OUT BIN INCREMENTS=XXXXXXXX.X  
MAX NO. OF PIXEL IN BIN= XXXXX    EACH \*=XXX PIXELS  
PRINT GRAPH

1. \*\*  
2. \*\*\*\*  
3. \*\*\*\*\*  
.

.  
10.\*\*\*\*\*  
.  
.  
.  
20.\*\*

PRINT OUT MIN AND MAX INTENSITY FOR EACH BIN  
BIN(nn) MIN,MAX NO OF PIXEL =XXXXX

LOOK FOR DEFECTS (YES=1,NO=0)  
IF YES  
SELECT BIN NO. =  
n  
PRINT OUT PIXEL LOCATION IN THAT BIN  
PIXEL LOCATION =XXXX,XXXX INTENSITY =XXXXXXXX.XX

--STOP

PROGRAM NAME: TKLPLOT

PURPOSE: THIS IS A GENERAL PLOTTING PROGRAM. IT READS FORMATTED  
SEQUENTIAL FILE AND AUTO SCALING.

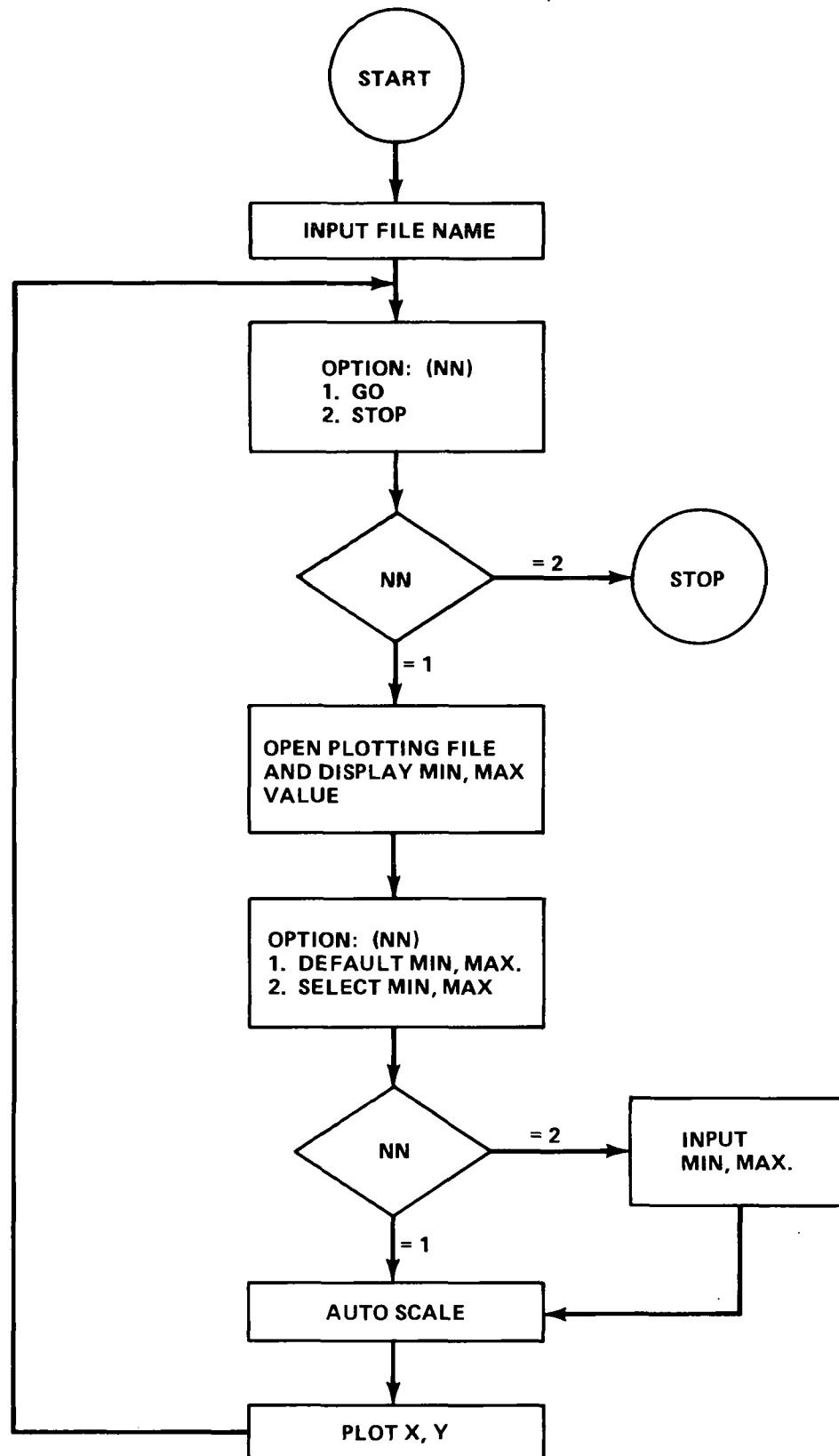
PROGRAM AND SUBROUTINE LAYOUT:

TKLPOT

PLOT

\*INITT  
\*ERASE  
\*DWINDO  
\*TWINDO  
\*MOVEA  
\*MOVABS  
\*ANMODE  
\*ERASE  
\*FINITT

# FLOW DIAGRAM



PROGRAM NAME : TKPLOT  
PROGRAM DESCRIPTION : INTENSITY PLOT

OPTION :

1. RAW DATA (SMXXXX.A)
2. UNFORMATTED SEQUENTIAL DATA (BXXXXF.02)

1

INPUT FILE NAME=

SMXXXX.A

INPUT BEGINNING AND ENDING PIXEL NO=

INPUT BEGINNING AND ENDING LINE NO=

PLOT

OPTION :

DO YOU WANT TO DISPLAY DATA

(YES=1,NO=0)

1

.....

.....

.....

--STOP

\* \* \* \* \*

\* FILE MANAGEMENT \*

\* \* \* \* \*



--STOP

\* \* \* \* \*  
\* MANGETOGRAPH LIBRARY \*  
\* SUBROUTINES \*  
\* \* \* \* \*

SUBROUTINE NAME: ACQSAV

PURPOSE: SET UP INTERFACE FOR ENHANCEMENTS, ALTERNATE A/B, TRANSFER DATA  
TO PDP BUFFER AND CALL "XDISK" TO SAVE DATA INTO DISK

SUBROUTINE NAME: ACQTRA (AVES, AVEB, PERA, PERB)

PURPOSE: SET UP INTERFACE, TRANSFER DATA TO PDP BUFFER WITH ARRAY LESS OR  
EQUAL TO (64 X 64). NO SAVE FILES. CALCULATE MEAN VALUE FOR A, B  
FRAMES AND ALSO THE PERCENTAGE FOR A AND B.

INPUT: COMMON BLOCK /INP/, WITH ALL SET UP CODE VALUE

OUTPUT: AVEA - MEAN VALUE FOR A FRAME  
AVEB - MEAN VALUE FOR B FRAME  
PERA - PERCENTAGE FOR A  
FULL INTENSITY = 4095

$$PERA\% = \bar{A}/4095 * 100\%$$

PERB - PERCENTAGE FOR B

SUBROUTINE NAME: ANALY (MOD, IM THE)

PURPOSE: THIS ROUTINE US FOR POLARIZATION CALIBRATION.

READ A, B FRAME. CALCULATE

$$P = \sum \frac{A-B}{A+B} \quad / \text{NO. OF PIXELS}$$

THEORETICAL REAL POINT

if 1A1B $\lambda/4$ in	Sin(2 $\theta$ )	$\overline{P}$
if 2A2B $\lambda/4$ in	Cos(2 $\theta$ )	$\overline{P}$
if 3A3B $\lambda/4$ in	0	$\overline{P}$
if 1A1B $\lambda/4$ out	0	$\overline{P}$
if 2A2B $\lambda/4$ out	Cos(2 $\theta$ )	$\overline{P}$
if 3A3B $\lambda/4$ out	Sin(2 $\theta$ )	$\overline{P}$

INPUT: MOD - MODE

IM - OPTION FOR  $\lambda/4$   
IM = 1,  $\lambda/4$  in  
IM = 2,  $\lambda/4$  out

THE - Polarized Angle

OUTPUT: The theoretical pt. and the mathematical pt.  
Printout table

SUBROUTINE NAME: AVE

PURPOSE:  $\frac{A+B}{2}$ , AVERAGE A,B.

FILES AND STORES IT INTO FILE NAME SMXXXX.C.

INPUT: A,B Files

OUTPUT: C Files

SUBROUTINE NAME: CDDRW (DATA, 1 DATA)

PURPOSE: READ FROM OR WRITE TO  
THE INTEL SYSTEM

INPUT: DATA 2 INTEGER WORDS  
(CODE AND DATA)

OUTPUT: 1 DATA 3 INTEGER WORDS  
(CODE, DATA, STATUS)

SUBROUTINE NAME: CEMOD (IR1, IR2, W)

PURPOSE: SET UP RELAY AND WAVEPLATE POSITION FOR THE SPECIFIED MODE.

INPUT:     if 1A1B     IR1 = 1  
                      IR2 = 2  
                      W = 1 REV  
                      W = 257 FWD

          2A2B     IR1 = 4  
                      IR2 = 8  
                      W = 2 REV  
                      W = 258 FWD

          3A3B     IR1 = 4  
                      IR2 = 8  
                      W = 3 REV  
                      W = FWD

OUTPUT:     SET UP WAVEPLATE POSITION



SUBROUTINE NAME: DISPLY

PURPOSE: DISPLY REALTIME IMAGE ON MONITOR

IBIT = NO. OF SIGNIFICANT BITS

A FRAME DATA =  $1 \times 2^8 + \text{IBIT}$

B FRAME DATA =  $2 \times 2^8 + \text{IBIT}$

(A-B) CONTOUR DATA =  $4 \times 2^8 + \text{IBIT}$

(A-B) BOUNDARY DATA =  $5 \times 2^8 + \text{IBIT}$

SUBROUTINE NAME: ERRC (LUN, STAT, MESS)

PURPOSE: IF ERROR DURING READ OR WRITE, PRINTS OUT THE STATUS.

LUN - UNIT NUMBER

STAT - STATUS WORD (2 WORDS)

MESS - READ OR WRITE

INPUT: LUN, MESS

OUTPUT: STAT

SBUROUTINE NAME: FSPV (PV, NAM3)

PURPOSE: THIS ROUTINE IS FOR FILTER SCAN.

INPUT: A,B FRAME

OUTPUT:  $PV = (A-B)/(A+B)$

SMMXXX.C FOR A,B AVERAGE

SUBROUTINE NAME: GCCB (CP)

PURPOSE: CALIBRATION FOR GUIDE COORDINATES

INPUT: COMMON BLOCK/INP/,  
PARAMETER DATA

OUTPUT: (CP) - CALIBRATION COEFFICIENT

SUBROUTINE NAME: HKEEP (IPR, IUN)

PURPOSE: SAVE HOUSEKEEPING INTO SMMXXX.H FILE

INPUT: COMMON BLOCK /ZNP/ WITH ALL PARAMETER DATA

OUTPUT: WRITE HOUSEKEEPING TO SMXXX.H FILE

SUBROUTINE NAME: HOUS

PURPOSE: READ THE CLOCK, VOLTAGE SENSOR SWITCHES, A/D CHANNEL  
AND CONVERT THEM INTO INTEGER, ASCZZ FORMAT.

SUBROUTINE NAME: HSAV (IPT)

PURPOSE: OPEN HOUSEKEEPING FILE AND CALL HKEEP.

INPUT: IPR - PROGRAM NAME FOR HOUSEKEEPING HEADER INFORMATION.

SUBROUTINE NAME: LOCAT (NAM, RS, RE)

PURPOSE: LOCATE PIXEL LOCATION WITH THE SELECTED SIGNAL LEVEL

INPUT: NAM - FILE NAME

RS, RE - PERCENT RANGE  
STARTING AND ENDING

OUTPUT: PIXEL LOCATION WITHIN THE GIVEN RANGE

SUBROUTINE NAME: LREDGE (LX, LY)

PURPOSE: FOR GUIDER COORDINATES. THIS PROGRAM LOOKS FOR LEFT AND  
RIGHT EDGE OF THE SUN.

LX - PIXEL NO.

LY - LINE NO.



SUBROUTINE NAME: MOD (IR1, IR2, W)

SAME AS CEMOD, EXCEPT THIS PROGRAM IS CALLED "HOUS"

SUBROUTINE NAME: NBIT (IDATA, BS, BE, ODATA)

PURPOSE: DECODE DATA BITS INTO INTEGER WORD.

IDATA - INPUT 2 BYTES WORD

BS - STARTING BIT

BE - ENDING BIT

ODATA - OUT INTEGER WORD

SUBROUTINE NAME: POPEN (CMD, NC, BUFF, IOER)

PURPOSE: GET ADDRESS FOR A CONTIGUOUS DISK SPACE AND TRANSFER DATA  
FAST SPEED FROM PDP DISK BUFFER TO DISK FILE.

CMD - FILE NAME

NC - NO. OF CHARACTERS FOR FILE NAME

BUFF - FILE ATRIBUTES

IOER - ERR STATUS

SUBROUTINE NAME: PBLOCK (DATA, 1E)

PURPOSE: TO PERFORM A HIGH SPEED. LOW OVERHEAD WRITE TO THE DISK FILE OPENED  
VIA POPEN.

DATA - DATA BUFFER OF 2048 BYTES

1E - ERR STATUS

SUBROUTINE NAME: RMSQ

PURPOSE: DATA ANALYSIS FOR INSTRUMENTATION POLARIZATION

$$\bar{P} = \Sigma \left( \frac{A-B}{A+B} \right) / \text{NO. OF PIXELS}$$

$$P = P - \bar{P}$$

$$\text{RMS} = \sqrt{\frac{(\Delta P)^2}{(N-1)}}$$

SUBROUTINE NAME: SMNAM

PURPOSE: GENERATE A NEW FILE NAME FOR SM DATA FILE

SUBROUTINE NAME: SNCTL

PURPOSE: SET AND EXECUTE CAMERA CONTROL TABLE

SUBROUTINE NAME: SNN1 (NENHSN)

PURPOSE: SIGNAL TO NOISE 1 ANALYSIS

NENHSN - NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS

SUBROUTINE NAME: SNN2

PURPOSE: SIGNAL TO NOISE 2 ANALYSIS



SUBROUTINE NAME: SOLCLK (DATA, JDATA, DT)

PURPOSE: READ CLOCK

DATA - INPUT CODE AND DATA FOR CLOCK

JDATA - OUTPUT DATA AND STATUS

DT - SEC, MIN, HR, DAY

SUBROUTINE NAME: SOLSUB (DATA, JDATA)

PURPOSE: FOR INTERFACE INPUT AND OUTPUT

SUBROUTINE NAME: SOLSW (DATA, JDATA, IA)

PURPOSE: DECODE SAMPLE  
SWITCH

DATA - INTERFACE INPUT

JDATA - INTERFACE OUTPUT

IA - 16 WORDS ARRAY  
IA (9-16) FOR 8 SAMPLE SWITCHES

SUBROUTINE: SOLVD (DATA, JDATA, X)

PURPOSE: READ VOLTAGE

X - VOLTAGE OUTPUT

SUBROUTINE NAME: SOLXDK

PURPOSE: SAVE DATA FILE

SUBROUTINE NAME: SOLZF (FF)

PURPOSE: SELECT FILTER POSITION

FRF - CURRENT FILTER POSITION  
(INTEGER)

SUBROUTINE NAME: SOLZF1 (JDATA,JDATA0,IZEISS)

PURPOSE: READ CURRENT FILTER POSITION

SUBROUTINE NAME: STCTL

PURPOSE: RESET CONTROL TABLE, UPDATE PARAMETER DATA FILE

SUBROUTINE NAME: SUB (DATA, IA)

PURPOSE: DISPLAY BITS

DATA - INPUT 2 BYTES WORD

IA - ARRAY 16  
BINARY OUTPUT



SUBROUTINE NAME: TRANS1 (MM, IFRM, TOTAL)

PURPOSE: TRANSFER DATA FROM C.D BOX TO PDP-11 DATA BUFFER

MM - NO. OF PIXELS

IFRM - 1 FOR A FRAME  
2 FOR B FRAME

TOTAL - TOTAL INTENSITY FOR THE WHOLE FRAME

SUBROUTINE NAME: TBEDGE

PURPOSE: FOR GUIDER COORDINATES  
FIND TOP OR BOTTOM EDGE

SUBROUTINE: UPD

PURPOSE: UPDATE PARAMETERS  
OUTPUT PARAMETER TO COMMON BLOCK /INP/

SUBROUTINE: UPDPAR (NPAR,T)

PURPOSE: CHANGE EXPOSURE TIME FOR PARAMETER DATA FILES

SUBROUTINE: XDISK

PURPOSE: TRANSFER DATA FROM PDP BUFFER TO DISK FILE

SUBROUTINE NAME: ZERO (ZR1, IR2, W)

PURPOSE: FOR ZERO ILLUMINATION

INPUT: IR1: RELAY 1  
IR2: RELAY 2  
W : WAVE PLATE POSITION

OUTPUT: DATA SET SMxxxx.A  
SMxxxx.B  
SMxxxx.H

SUBROUTINE NAME: ZF1

PURPOSE: READ CURRENT ZEISS FILTER POSITION

INPUT: CODE 32

OUTPUT: CURRENT FILTER POSITION

SUBROUTINE NAME: ZFT2

PURPOSE: SELECT ZEISS FILTER POSITION

INPUT: CODE 31,  
DATA FILTER POSITION

OUTPUT: FILTER POSITION

#### IV. HOST SYSTEM

```
* * * * *  
*      *  
*      *  
*      *  
* * * * *
```

HARDWARE

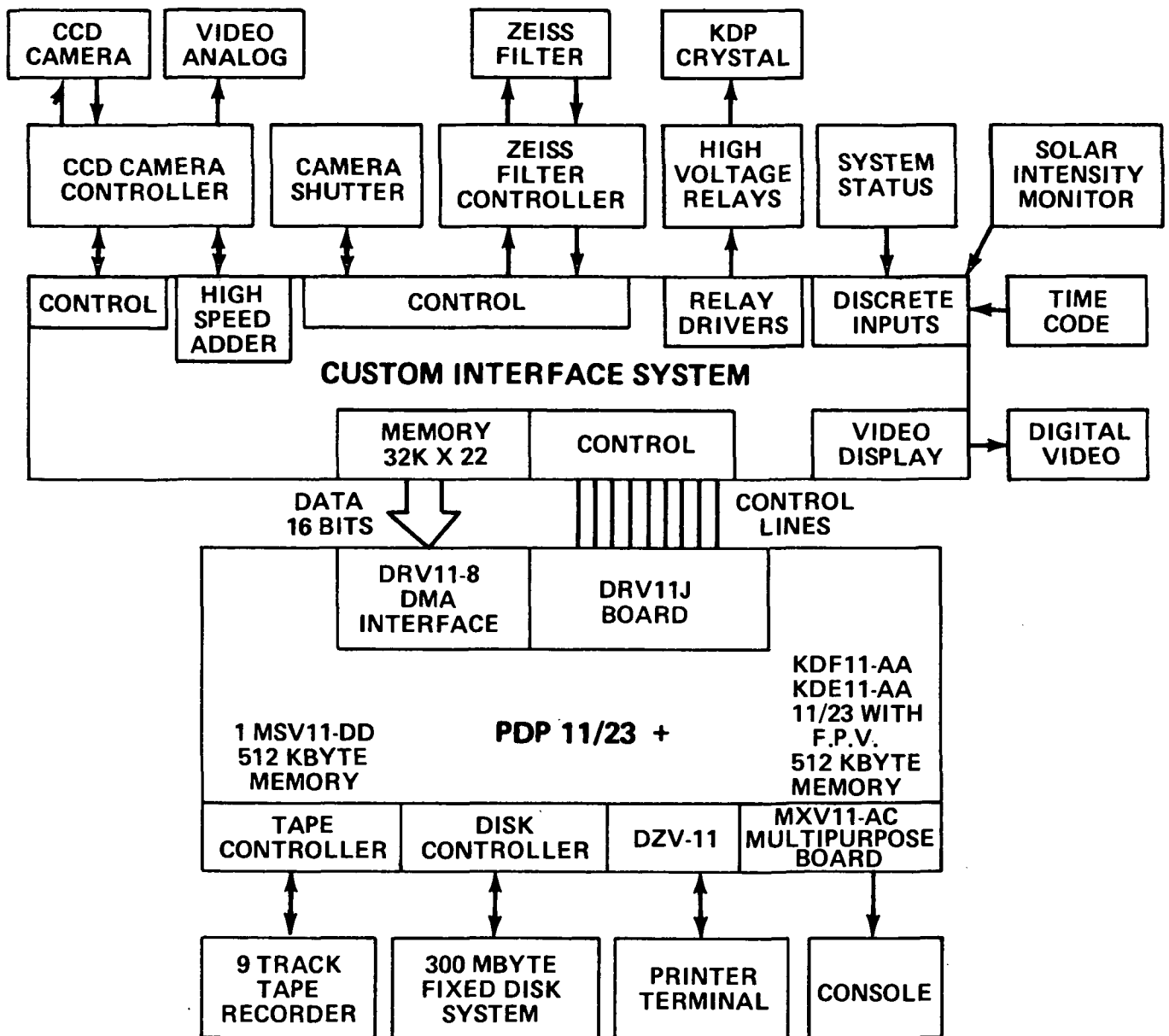


The Solar Magnetograph sysem consists of the following elements

- a. Telescope
- b. Camera
- c. Camera controller
- d. Camera Interface - Intel 8080
- e. Host coumputer

The Host computer consists to the following items

- a. PDP 11/23+
- b. 512K bytes memory
- c. KEF11 floating point unit
- d. MXV11 2 serial ports
- e. DZV11 8 serial ports
- f. Dialog tape controller emulating MSV11 with
  - 1. Cipher Tape Drive
- g. Dialog disc controller emulating RM03 and RM05 discs
  - 1. 300Mbyte drive
  - 2. 160Mbyte drive
- h. Intecolor terminal
- i. Ramtek 6400 terminal
- j. LA100 terminal
- k. VT125 terminal
- l. Tecktronix 4010 terminal with hardcopy
- m. DRV11-B interface
- n. DRV11-J interface



**SOLAR MAGNETOGRAPH SYSTEM**

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## SOFTWARE

## RSX11m Configuration

RSX11m was generated in a configuration to optimize the performance of the Solar Magnetograph system. The system was built as a 20K RSX without executive common. This allows sufficient room for system pool and keeps low overhead on all system calls. The round robin scheduler frequency was lowered because with a few users this saves system overhead at no apparent loss (or even a savings) in performance. The largest disc interface task was selected to maximize disc performance. Loadable and user drivers were needed to allow the special drivers for the camera interface to be incorporated into the system. Other options were selected for convenience and program development or for system diagnostic purposes.

The Interface to the Solar Magnetograph by the PDP 11/23 computer was accomplished with two standard DEC interface boards. Control was passed through a DRV11-J and data was collected from a DRV11-B interface. I/O drivers for the two interfaces are loaded in the Startup command file for RSX. The command file is named 'DRIVER' and loads the I/O drivers into a partition called DRIVER. The partition was generated during the VMR stage of building a system.

After the drivers are loaded, a task is run to initialize the driver for the DRV11-B. This task (CDINIT) passes the location of the partition CD0000 to the I/O driver. The partition was allocated during the VMR stage of sysgen and is 32KW in size. By allocating the partition in this manner it lays within the address space of the DRV11-B which is restricted to the first 128KW. The data from the Magnetograph is transferred via DMA into this partition and then moved into the application program in manageable blocks. This technique removes any address restrictions from the application program.

The two special I/O driver descriptions follow.

## CDDRV

This I/O driver provides the primary data flow path from the Solar Magnetograph camera into the PDP 11/23. The interface is a DEC DRV11-B.

The driver has basically two modes of operation. Mode 1 is a standard read function where the data from the camera is read directly into a buffer in the program (see figure 1). This mode is usefull for small to medium sized transfers of data and is relatively straight forward to use. Mode 2 is mutually exclusive of mode 1 and is implemented to allow large data transfers to memory. In the PDP 11/23 addressing is limited to 32kw for any single program without overlays. This restriction would prohibit the use of a 32k word data buffer within the program. Mode 2 allows the data to be transfered from the camera into a large memory buffer external to the program. When the transfer is complete the data is moved in small blocks into the program or onto a disc file. Figure 2 illustrates the data flow.

The driver code is stored in uic [5,106] and the task can be built by setting the uic and using @CDDRV.

### FUNCTIONS SUPPORTED BY THIS DRIVER

FUNCTION	CODE	USAGE
IO.KIL	000000	CANCEL I/O REQUEST
IO.RLB	001000	READ A BLOCK
IO.ATT	001400	ATTACH DEVICE
IO.DET	002000	DETACH DEVICE
IO.BUF	007401	CONNECT A BUFFER AREA TO DRIVER
IO.INI	014400	INITIALIZE READ INTO THE BUFFER AREA
IO.HIS	015000	MOVE DATA FROM BUFFER TO USER AREA
IO.SIH	015100	MOVE DATA FROM USER AREA TO BUFFER
IO.CON	015400	CONNECT A BUFFER AREA TO DRIVER
IO.DIS	016000	DISCONNECT A BUFFER AREA

FUNCTION	PARAMETERS
----------	------------

IO.KIL	No Parameters
--------	---------------

IO.RLB	1. Buffer Address 2. Byte Count 3. Function Bits (3 BITS IN CSR) - optional
--------	---

IO.ATT	No Parameters
--------	---------------

IO.DET	No Parameters
IO.BUF	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Physical Block Address of Region or Partition</li> <li>2. Block Length of Region or Partition</li> </ol>
IO.INI	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Byte Count for Read into Region - optional</li> <li>2. Function Bits (3 BITS IN CSR) - optional</li> </ol>
IO.HIS	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Buffer Address</li> <li>2. Byte Count of Transfer</li> <li>3. Index into Region or Partition</li> </ol>
IO.SIH	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Buffer Address</li> <li>2. Byte Count of Transfer</li> <li>3. Index into Region or Partition</li> </ol>
IO.CON	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Physical Block Address of Region or Partition</li> <li>2. Block Length of Region or Partition</li> </ol>
IO.DIS	No Parameters

Note on error codes. The standard error codes are used and have the defined meanings. A bad parameter is probably a byte count of zero, a bad buffer address, or too large of a byte count. A device not ready indicates one of the following conditions, the DMA is not ready, a special buffer is connected and you are trying to read, or a special buffer is not connected and you are trying to use it.



## DIDRV

This interface is a DEC DRV11-J standard interface which the I/O driver address as four separate 16 bit parallel read/write ports. This driver is designed to communicate with the camera controller interface to exercise control of the camera, camera controller, and interface. The interface is designed to provide a flow of control information and return of status at a low volume. Because the status is returned on a different port, the status can be read with the NO-WAIT qio and then a control function initiated. This technique eliminates the chance of missing status, but the time-out in the driver must be of adequate length to achieve the longest function. To achieve this, the retry count must be high enough to cover the maximum time by  $\text{retry} \times 10 = \text{time span}$ . The fundamental time out is 10 seconds. The basic data is transferred via another interface.

The driver is stored in uic [5,106] and can be built by the indirect command @DIDRV.

### FUNCTIONS SUPPORTED BY THIS DRIVER

FUNCTION	CODE	USAGE
IO.KIL	000000	CANCEL I/O REQUEST
IO.WLB	000400	WRITE A BLOCK
IO.RLB	001000	READ A BLOCK
IO.ATT	001400	ATTACH DEVICE
IO.DET	002000	DETACH DEVICE

FUNCTION	PARAMETERS
IO.KIL	No Parameters
IO.WLB	1. Buffer Address 2. Byte count (modulus 4) 3. Retry count (optional)
IO.RLB	1. Buffer Address 2. Byte Count (modulus 4) 3. Retry count (optional)
IO.ATT	No Parameters
IO.DET	No Parameters

Note on error codes. The standard error codes are used and have the defined meanings. A bad parameter is probably a byte count of zero, a bad buffer address, or too large of a byte count. A device not ready indicates the interface is not ready.

## V. APPENDIX

## APPENDIX A

### CAMERA CABLE REMARKS

OUT	IN	CAMERA CABLE	CAMERA OUTPUT	CANNON 25 PIN
DRV11B		REMARKS		CONTROL CONNECTOR
J1	J2			
B				
J	F,J,T	THROUGH 1-SHOUT	14	
	N	+5 VIA PULLUPS		
		CO		
	D	GND		
	V	ATTN		
L		FNCT1H XST		16
R		STATUS A STA - ON LINE		2
T		STATUS B NOT RDY		14
		STATUS C NO TASK IN PROG		1
	R	FNCT2H XRS		17
UU		0 OUT FO		21
SS		1 F1		22
PP		2 F2		20
MM		3 F3		24
DD		8 DO		13
FF		9 D1		11
JJ		10 D2		25
LL		11 D3		12
NN		12 D4		10
RR		13 D5		23
JJ		14 D6		9
VV		15 D7		7
UU		0 IN CDO	5	
SS		1	17	
PP		2	4	
MM		3	3	
KK		4	16	
HH		5	2	
EE		6	15	
CC		7	1	
DD		8	20	
FF		9	8	
JJ		10	21	
LL		11	9	
NN		12	18	
RR		13	6	
TT		14	19	
VV		15	7	
A,C,E	GROUND		13	
H,M,P				
S,U,W				
X,Y,Z				
AA,BB				

SAME GROUNDS FOR BOTH J1 AND J2 OF DRV11B

## APPENDIX B

### INTERFACE FUNCTION CODE

FUNCTION	CODE	DATA	RETURN 0	1	2-5
CAMERA ST TH	1	CONTL	+ -1	1	CONTL,0
CAMERA CTL TB	2	CONTL	+ -1	2	CONTL,0
EXECUTE CTL TB	3	0	+ -1	3	0,0
RESET CTL TB	4	0	+ -1	4	0,0
	5				
SET UP OMA	6	B COUNT	+ -1	6	BYTE COUNT,0
	7				
	8				
	9				
	10				
READ DVM1	11	0	+ -1	11	DVM,0
READ DVM2	12	0	+ -1	12	DVM,0
TEMP ALARM	13	3	+ -1	13	3,0
READ A/D1	14	0	+ -1	14	A/D 1,0
READ CLOCK	15	0	+ -1	15	CLOCK
	16				
SUN SENSOR	17	126	+ -1	17	126,0
	18				
	19				
	20				
ENHANCEMENT	21	N	+ -1	21	N,0
SAMPLE MICR SW	22	0	+ -1	22	0,0
DISPLAY					
1. A FRAME	23	OP	+ -1	23	1X2 <sup>8</sup> +IBIT,0
2. B FRAME		OP	+ -1	23	2X2 <sup>8</sup> +IBIT,0
3. (A-B) CONTOUR		OP	+ -1	23	4X2 <sup>8</sup> +IBIT,0
4. (A-B) BOUNDARY		OP	+ -1	23	5X2 <sup>8</sup> +IBIT,0
FILM CAMERA	24	0	+ -1	24	0,0
DMA TRANS	25	1,2	+ -1	25	0,0
READ A FRAME	26	0	+ -1	26	0,0
READ B FRAME	27	0	+ -1	27	0,0
READ (A,B) FRAME	28	0	+ -1	28	0,0
	29				
	30				
SELECT FILT POS	31	POS	+ -1	31	POS,0
READ ZEISS FILT	32	0	+ -1	32	CURR POS,0
	33				
	34				
	35				
	36				
	37				
	38				
	39				
	40				
A FRAME (RELAY)	41	OP(1,2,4,8)	+ -1	41	OP,0
B FRAME	42	OP(1,2,4,8)	+ -1	42	OP,0
WAVEPLATE POS	43	OP REV(1,2,3)	+ -1	43	OP,0
		OP FWD(257,258,259)			
	44				

	45				
	46				
	47				
	48				
	49				
	50				
SHUTTER TIME	51	1-1000	+-1	51	TIME,0
		MILI SEC			
	52				
WRITE TO MEM	53	INTEGER	+-1	53	INTEGER,0
ALL ZEROS IN MEM	54	0	+-1	54	0,0
COUNTER IN MEM	55	0	+-1	55	0,0
DISPLAY	56	0	+-1	56	0,0
	57				
	58				

# CAMERA CONTROL TABLE

FUNCTION CODE

WORD

ISP  
ISL  
IX  
IY  
EXP  
IBNX  
IBNY

$$DATA = FUN * 2^8 + WORD$$



## APPENDIX C

### PARAMETER DATA FILES

NAME CODE	CE	CF	GC	IP	PC	PH	SMD	AM	FS	CR	SN1	SN2
1 MODE	1	1	1	5	5	1	5	5	1	5	5	1
2 NENH	16	4	256	128	16	128	256	128	16	128	256	256
3 ISP	40	48	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4 ISL	40	48	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
5 IX	32	32	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	128
6 IY	32	32	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	128	128
7 EXP		80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80	80
8 BT	500											
9 ET	525											
10 DT1	2											
11 N1	13											
12 DT2												
13 N2												
14 BF		510							510			
15 EF		530							530			
16 DF		1							1			
17 CF	519	519	519	519	519	519	519	519	519	519	519	519
18 FF	527	527	527	527	527		527	527	527	527	527	527
19 TDLY								0				
20 NREP								2				
21 IBNX	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
22 IBNY	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
23 FT						6		6				

CODE	DESCRIPTION
1. MODE	MODE: 1.(1A1B) 2.(2A2B) 3.(3A3B) 4.(2AB,3AB) 5.ALL
2. NENH	NO. OF ENHANCEMENTS
3. USP	STARTING PIXEL NO.
4. ISL	STARTING LINE NO.
5. IX	NO. OF PIXELS
6. IY	NO. OF LINES
7. EXP	EXPOSURE TIME
8. BT	BEGINNING EXP TIME
9. ET	ENDING EXP TIME
10. DT1	EXPOSURE TIME STEP I
11. N1	NO. OF STEPS FOR STEP I
12. DT2	EXPOSURE TIME STEP II
13. N2	NO. OF STEPS FOR STEP II
14. BF	BEGINNING FILTER POSITION
15. EF	ENDING FILTER POSITION
16. DF	FILTER POSITION
17. CF	CENTER FILTER POSITION
18. FF	FILTER POSITION
19. TDLY	TIME DELAY
20. NREP	NO. OF SEQUENCE REPEAT
21. IBNX	BINNING IN X AXIS
22. IBNY	BINNING IN Y AXIS
23. FT	FILTER SEQUENCE

## APPENDIX D

### DISK FILE UNIT

## UNIT NO.

## DESCRIPTIONS

1	NC DRIVE, PDP 11/23 BUFFER
2	PARAMETER DATA DISK FILE
3	OUTPUT TABLE DISK FILE
4	TRANSFER FILE
5	TERMINAL DISPLAY
7	SAVED FILE FOR EXECUTION
10	
11	D11 DRIVE, WRITE FROM PDP TO C.D. SYS.
12	D10 READ FROM C.D. TO PDP

20	}	SIGNAL TO NOISE DATA FILES
21		
22		
23		

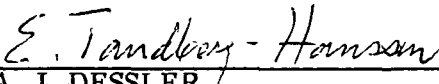
24	}	TEMPORARY FILE
25		
30		
31		

## APPROVAL

### REAL-TIME SOLAR MAGNETOGRAPH OPERATION SYSTEM SOFTWARE DESIGN AND USER'S GUIDE

By Caroline Wang

The information in this report has been reviewed for technical content. Review of any information concerning Department of Defense or nuclear energy activities or programs has been made by the MSFC Security Classification Officer. This report, in its entirety, has been determined to be unclassified.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
A. J. DESSLER  
Director, Space Science Laboratory